User's Guide Rev. 0, 09/2016

TWR-KE18F User's Guide

1. Introduction

The NXP Tower development platform is a set of software and hardware tools for evaluation and development. It is an ideal tool for the rapid prototyping of microcontroller-based applications.

The TWR-KE18F supports a power supply voltage range from 3.3 V to 5 V. It features a MKE18F16, a device featuring a maximum operating frequency of 168 MHz, up to 512 KB Flash size, and numerous analog and digital peripherals.

The TWR-KE18F includes the ARM® open standard embedded serial and debug adapter known as OpenSDA(CMSIS-DAP). This circuit offers the user several options for serial communications, flash programming, and run-control debugging.

The TWR-KE18F microcontroller module is designed to work either in standalone mode or as part of the NXP Tower System, a modular development platform that enables rapid prototyping and tool re-use through reconfigurable hardware.

There are many software development tool options available to the user. Choices include Kinetis Design Studio (KDS), IAR Embedded Workbench, and Keil MDK featuring the μ Vision IDE.

All of these features combine to give users the Tower needed to rapidly prototype many embedded designs: a powerful microcontroller built on a very low-power core and SOC platform, easy-access to I/O with a large

Contents

Document Number: TWRKE18FUG

1.	Inti	oduction 1			
2.	Getting Started				
3.		/R-KE18F Features2			
4.	TW	/R-KE18F Hardware Description4			
	4.1.	Power supply4			
	4.2.	OpenSDA circuit (CMSIS-DAP)5			
	4.3.	Microcontroller			
	4.4.	Sensor			
	4.5.	Infrared port10			
	4.6.	CAN transceiver			
	4.7.	Potentiometer, thermistor, pushbuttons, and LEDs 12			
	4.8.	FlexIO header			
5.	Det	fault Jumper Setting13			
6.	Ref	ferences14			
7.	Rev	vision History15			



TWR-KE18F Features

ecosystem of compatible hardware, a flexible programming and debug interface, and a large ecosystem of software development environments.

2. Getting Started

Refer to the TWR-KE18F Quick Start Package for step-by-step instructions for getting started with the Tower board. See the "Jump Start Your Design" section at nxp.com/TWR-KE18F for the Quick Start Package and software lab guides.

3. TWR-KE18F Features

The TWR-KE18F hardware is a NXP Tower development board assembled with the following features:

- MKE18F512VLL16 MCU (168 MHz core clock, 512 KB flash, 64 KB RAM, 100LQFP package)
- Tower-compatible processor board
- Onboard OpenSDA (CMSIS-DAP) circuit: K20DX128VFM5 with debug and virtual serial port
- Four user-controlled status LEDs and one RGB LED
- Two mechanical push buttons and one reset button
- I/O headers for easy access to MCU I/O pins
- Thermistors and potentiometer
- FXOS8700CQ 3D accelerometer + 3D magnetometer
- Board power select with 3.3 V or 5 V MCU operation
- Infrared port communication
- CAN transceiver
- FlexTM I/O header

The TWR-KE18F features two MCUs: The target MCU is the MKE18F512VLL16. The OpenSDA(CMSIS-DAP) MCU is the MK20DX128VFM5.

Figure 1 shows the block diagram of the TWR-KE18F board. The primary components and their location on the hardware assembly are shown in Figure 2 and Figure 3.

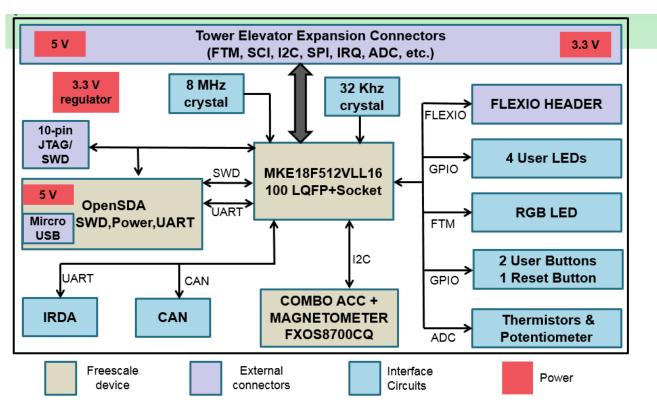


Figure 1. TWR-KE18F block diagram

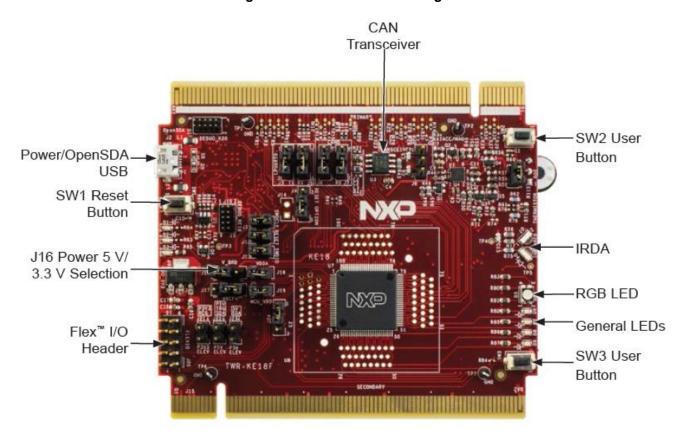


Figure 2. Front Side of TWR-KE18F

TWR-KE18F User's Guide, Rev. 0, 09/2016



Figure 3. Back Side of TWR-KE18F

4. TWR-KE18F Hardware Description

4.1. Power supply

When TWR-KE18F is installed into the Tower System, the board power supply can be either from an on-board source (CMSIS-DAP USB connector) or from another source through Tower Elevator. By default, in stand-alone operation, the TWR-KE18F board power source is 5.0 V, which is derived from the CMSIS-DAP USB microB connector J2. One low-dropout regulator U6 provides 3.3 V supply from the 5.0 V input voltage. All of the user-selectable power options for peripherals can be configured by headers. Refer to the default headers setting table section 5.

The following figure shows the schematic drawing for the power supply inputs and the on-board voltage regulator.

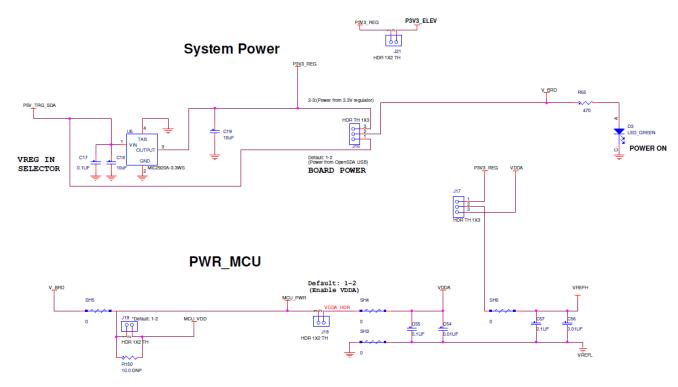


Figure 4. Power supply

The following table lists some power sources descriptions.

Power Source Name Description Output of USB power switch controlled by the VTRG_EN signal from the OpenSDA P5V_TRG_SDA and the ELE_PS_SENSE signal from the TWR elevator connectors. Goes to regulator input select header. P5V_ELEV Power to the elevator boards. Output of 3.3 V regulator or from the Elevator connectors. May also be supplied P3V3 REG externally by connecting to the board voltage select header. Output of 3.3 V or 5 V regulators as selected by the board voltage select header. May V BRD also be supplied externally by connecting to the board voltage select header. VREG IN Power into the on board voltage regulators. MCU PWR MCU digital power. Filtered from V_BRD. MCU_VDD MCU digital power input after current measurement jumper. **VDDA** VDDA power for MCU and analog circuits. Filtered from MCU PWR. **VREFH** Upper reference voltage for ADC on the MCU. Filtered from VDDA.

Table 1. TWR-KE18F power sources

4.2. OpenSDA circuit (CMSIS-DAP)

The OpenSDA circuit (CMSIS–DAP) is an open-standard serial and debug adapter. It bridges serial and debug communications between a USB host and an embedded target processor as shown in Figure 5. CMSIS-DAP features a mass storage device (MSD) bootloader, which provides a quick and easy mechanism for loading different CMSIS-DAP Applications such as flash programmers, run-control debug interfaces, serial-to-USB converters, and more. Two or more CMSIS-DAP applications can run simultaneously. For example, run-control debug application and serial-to-USB converter runs in parallel to provide a virtual COM communication interface while allowing code debugging via CMSIS-DAP

with just single USB connection. These two applications are provided in a single code package. Refer to the CMSIS-DAP User's Guide for more details.

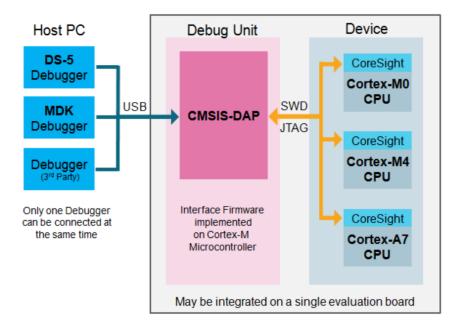


Figure 5. CMSIS-DAP block diagram

CMSIS-DAP is managed by a Kinetis K20 MCU built on the ARM Cortex-M4 core. The CMSIS-DAP circuit includes a status LED (D1) and a RESET pushbutton (SW1). The pushbutton asserts the Reset signal to the KE18F target MCU. It can also be used to place the CMSIS-DAP circuit into bootloader mode by holding down the RESET pushbutton while plugging the USB cable to USB connector J2. Once the CMSIS-DAP enters bootloader mode, other CMSIS-DAP applications such as debug app can be programmed. SPI and GPIO signals provide an interface to the SWD debug port of the KE18F. Additionally, signal connections are available to implement a UART serial channel. The CMSIS-DAP circuit receives power when the USB connector is plugged into a USB host.

4.2.1. Debug interface

6

Signals with SPI and GPIO capability are used to connect directly to the SWD of the KE18F. These signals are also brought out to a standard 10-pin Cortex Debug connector (J10) as shown in Figure 6. The user could use J10 to debug and download code to KE18F with this SWD/JTAG interface.

SWD/JTAG Connector

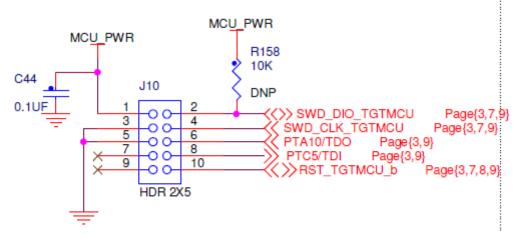


Figure 6. SWD/JTAG debug connector

4.2.2. Virtual serial port

A serial port connection is available between the CMSIS-DAP MCU and pins PTB1 and PTB0 of the KE18F. Several of the default CMSIS-DAP applications provided by NXP, including the MSD Flash Programmer and the CMSIS-DAP USB HID interface, provide a USB communications device class (CDC) interface that bridges serial communications between the USB host and this serial interface.

4.3. Microcontroller

MKE18F16 MCU is the high end series MCU in Kinetis E family, providing robust 5 V solution with the high performance ARM® Cortex®-M4 core clock running up to 168 MHz, flash size up to 512 KB. It offers multiple ADCs and Flextimers, a CAN 2.0B compliant FlexCAN module and rich suite of communication interfaces including UARTs, I2Cs, SPIs, and FlexIO which provide flexibility for serial communication emulation.

The following table lists the features of MKE18F512VLL16.

Table 2. Features of MKE18F512VLL16

Feature	Description		
ARM Cortex-M4 core	32-bit MCU core from ARM's Cortex-M class adding DSP instructions and single-precision floating point unit based on ARMv7 architecture		
System	System integration module Power management and mode controllers Multiple power modes available based on high speed run, run, wait, stop, and power-down modes Miscellaneous control module Crossbar switch		

TWR-KE18F User's Guide, Rev. 0, 09/2016

Table 2. Features of MKE18F512VLL16

Feature	Description			
	Memory protection unit			
	Peripheral bridge			
	Direct memory access (DMA) controller with multiplexer to increase available DMA			
	requests. DMA can now handle transfers in VLPS mode			
	External watchdog monitor (EWM)			
	Watchdog (WDOG)			
	Program flash memory			
	• FlexMemory			
Memories	o FlexNVM			
	o FlexRAM			
	SRAM Boot ROM			
	• BOOL KOW			
	Multiple clock generation options available from internally and externally generated			
Clocks	clocks			
	System oscillator to provide clock source for the MCU			
	Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) module for error detection			
	Software watchdog (WDOG) with independent clock source			
	External watchdog monitor (EWM) module			
Security	Error-correcting code (ECC) on Flash memories			
	• 128-bit unique identification (ID) number			
	Memory Protection Unit (MPU) module ADC cells test and cellibration feeture.			
	ADC self-test and calibration feature Using appendix to digital converter (ADC)			
	High speed analog-to-digital converter (ADC) Comparator (CMP)			
Analog	Digital-to-analog converter (DAC)			
	Bandgap voltage reference (1V reference voltage)			
	Programmable delay block (PDB)			
	•FlexTimers			
Timers	Low-power periodic interrupt timer (LPIT)			
	•Low power timer (LPTMR)			
	Independent real time clock (RTC)			
	•FlexCAN			
	Low-power Serial peripheral interface (LPSPI)			
Communications	Low-power Inter-integrated circuit (LPI2C)			
	•FlexIO			

4.3.1. Clock source

The KE18F MCU starts up to the default reset clock for core/system clock, which is 48 MHz from FIRC. Software can enable the main external oscillator (EXTAL/XTAL), or slow frequency internal reference (SIRC) 2/8 MHz if desired as the core/system clock. There is one System PLL inside KE18F clock module, it enables the chip to run up to the maximum frequency of 168 Mhz.

The external oscillator/resonator can range from 32.768 KHz to 32 MHz. Its main usage is for RTC time base. An 8 MHz crystal is the default external source for the SCG oscillator inputs (XTAL/EXTAL). The clock source diagram is shown in the following figure.

Clock >>PTC2/XTAL32 Default: 1-2 >>PTC3/EXTAL32 R153 DNP PTB7/EXTAL Page {3,9} R154 R149 \0 C58 32KHZ XTAI DNP R156 1.0M 32.768KHZ 22PF ->>PTB6/XTAL C67 C62 18PF 18PF

Figure 7. Clock source

4.3.2. Serial port

The primary serial port interface signals are PTB1 and PTB0. These signals are connected to both the CMSIS-DAP and to the J3/J5 TWR elevator connector.

4.3.3. Reset

The PTA5/RESET signal on KE18F is connected externally to a pushbutton, SW1, and also to the CMSIS-DAP circuit. The reset button can be used to force an external reset event in the target MCU. The reset button can also be used to force the CMSIS-DAP circuit into bootloader mode.

4.4. Sensor

FXOS8700CQ is a small, low-power, 3-axis, linear accelerometer + magnetometer. The device features a selectable I2C or point-to-point SPI serial interface with 8-bit accelerometer and 14-bit magnetometer ADC resolution along with smart-embedded functions. It is interfaced through an I2C bus and three GPIO signals as shown in the following figure.

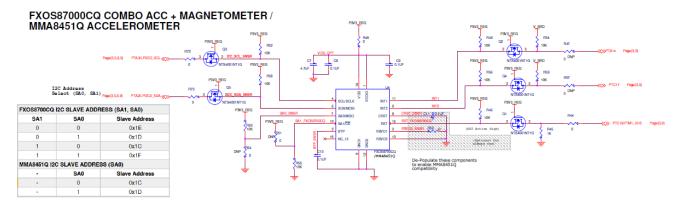


Figure 8. FXOS8700CQ sensor

4.5. Infrared port

An infrared transmit and receive interface is implemented on the board. The PTC7 pin directly drives an infrared diode. The receiver uses an infrared phototransistor connected to an on-chip analog comparator ACMP2_IN3 through a low-pass filter. Then the output of the analog comparator ACMP2_OUT is routed to a UART module externally for easier processing of the incoming data stream. The Infrared port schematic is shown in the following figure.

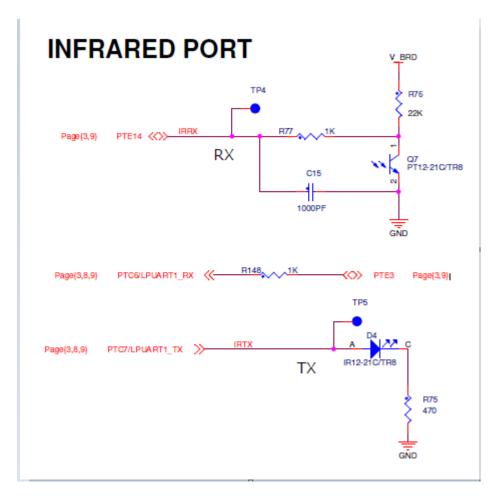


Figure 9. Infrared port

4.6. CAN transceiver

The TWR-KE18F features a Controller Area Network interface using a NXP MC33901WEF CAN transceiver. The signals from the transceiver are connected to two 3-pin headers with the FlexCAN module pin out of KE18F. They can also be routed to the CAN transceiver TJA1051T/3 on TWR SER board through the elevator. The CAN transceiver schematic is shown in the following figure.

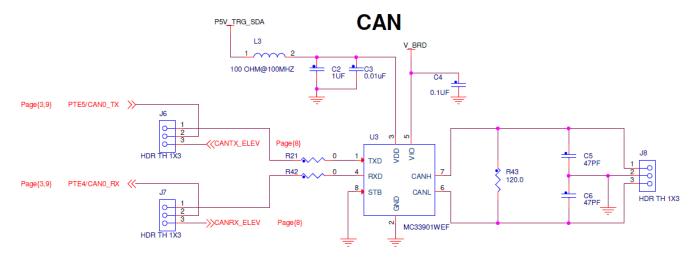


Figure 10. CAN receiver

4.7. Potentiometer, thermistor, pushbuttons, and LEDs

The TWR-KE18F features:

- A potentiometer connected to an ADC input channel (PTC14/ADC0_SE12)
- A thermistor connected to two ADC input channels (PTA0/ADC0_SE0 and PTA1/ADC0_SE1)
- Two pushbutton switches (SW2 and SW3 connected to PTD3 and PTD6)
- User controllable LEDs connected to GPIO signals
 - Yellow LED D8 connected to PTC12
 - Red LED D6 connected to PTC10
 - Orange LED D9 connected to PTC13
 - GREEN LED D7 connected to PTC11
- A RGB LEDs connected to FTM signals
 - RED color connected to PTD16/FTM0_CH1
 - GREEN color connected to PTD15/FTM0_CH0
 - BLUE color connected to PTB5/FTM0 CH5

4.8. FlexIO header

KE18F has one on-chip FlexIO module, which is capable of supporting a wide range of protocols including: UART, I2C, SPI, I2S, and PWM generation. It is more efficient than integrating multiple peripherals for each desired protocol. There are eight FlexIO pins implemented in total and bonded out on J20, as shown in the following figure.

FLEXIO HEADER

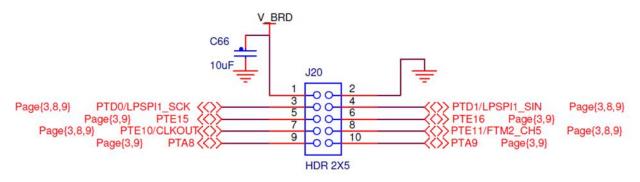


Figure 11. FlexIO header

5. Default Jumper Setting

There are several jumpers provided for isolation, configuration, and feature selection. The following table provides details.

Jumper	Option	Setting	Description	
10	UART TX Selection	1-2	Connect to Elevator UART TX	
J3		2-3	Connect to OpenSDA UART TX	
	Reset Selection	1-2	Connect OpenSDA reset to MCU	
J4		2-3	Connect pin reset to MCU directly, when OpenSDA is not powered	
J5	UART RX Selection	1-2	Connect to Elevator UART RX	
•		2-3	Connect to OpenSDA UART RX	
IG	CAN TX Selection	1-2	Connect CAN transceiver to MCU CAN0 TX pin directly	
J6		2-3	Connect CAN transceiver to Elevator CAN TX	
J7	CAN RX Selection	1-2	Connect CAN transceiver to MCU CAN0 RX pin directly	
37		2-3	Connect CAN transceiver to Elevator CAN RX	
J8	CAN Transceiver connection	ON	Connection with external board	
Jo		OFF	No connection with external board	
J9	POTENTIOMETER	ON	Enable potentiometer	
79	Enable	OFF	Disable potentiometer	
J11	OpenSDA SWD CLK connection	ON	Connect SWD_CLK to OpenSDA circuit	
J 1 1		OFF	Disconnect SWD_CLK to OpenSDA circuit	
_	OpenSDA SWD DIO connection	ON	Connect SWD_DIO to OpenSDA circuit	
J12		OFF	Disconnect SWD_DIO to OpenSDA circuit	

Table 3. Default jumper settings

Table 3. Default jumper settings

Jumper	Option	Setting	Description	
140	Reset connection	ON	Connect reset signal to MCU pin	
J13		OFF	Disconnect reset signal to MCU pin	
14.0	Board power supply selection	1-2	Board voltage V_BRD power from OpenSDA USB, 5V	
J16		2-3	Board voltage V_BRD power from regulator,3.3V	
J17	Upper reference voltage VREFH selection	1-2	V _{REFH} from 3.3V regulator	
317		2-3	V _{REFH} from V _{DDA}	
140	Analog circuits	ON	Connect V _{DDA} to board power V_BRD	
J18	power V _{DDA} connection	OFF	Disconnect V _{DDA} to board power V_BRD	
J19	MCU digital power connection	ON	Connect MCU_VDD to board power V_BRD	
319		OFF	Disconnect MCU_VDD to board power V_BRD	
J21	Elevator 3.3V connection	ON	Connect 3.3V regulator output to TWR elevator	
JZ1		OFF	Disconnect 3.3V regulator output to TWR elevator	
J22	Elevator 5V connection	ON	Connect 5V USB power switch output to TWR elevator	
JZZ		OFF	Disconnect 5V USB power switch output to TWR elevator	
J23	Elevator 5V connection	ON	Connect 5V OpenSDA input to TWR elevator	
J23		OFF	Disconnect 5V OpenSDA input to TWR elevator	
	External clock	1-2	External 8Mhz crystal input	
J24	selection	2-3	External oscillator input to EXTAL pin directly	

6. References

The reference documents for the TWR-KE18F hardware are shown below. All of these documents are available online at www.nxp.com/TWR-KE18F.

- TWR-KE18F Quick Start Guide: Quick Start Guide and supporting files for getting started with the TWR-KE18F.
- TWR-KE18F User's Guide: Document overview and detailed information for the TWR- KE18F hardware.
- TWR-KE18F Schematics PDF: Schematics for the TWR- KE18F hardware.
- KE18F Sub-Family Reference Manual: A reference manual for KE18F sub-family devices

7. Revision History

Table 4. Revision history

Revision number	Date	Substantive changes
0	09/2016	Initial release

How to Reach Us:

Home Page:

nxp.com

Web Support:

nxp.com/support

Information in this document is provided solely to enable system and software implementers to use NXP products. There are no express or implied copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits based on the information in this document. NXP reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein.

NXP makes no warranty, representation, or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does NXP assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters that may be provided in NXP data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications, and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "typicals," must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. NXP does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. NXP sells products pursuant to standard terms and conditions of sale, which can be found at the following address:

nxp.com/SalesTermsandConditions.

NXP, the NXP logo, NXP SECURE CONNECTIONS FOR A SMARTER WORLD, Freescale, the Freescale logo, and Kinetis are trademarks of NXP B.V. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners.

ARM, the ARM Powered logo, and Cortex are registered trademarks of ARM Limited (or its subsidiaries) in the EU and/or elsewhere. All rights reserved.

© 2016 NXP B.V.

Document Number: TWRKE18FUG Rev. 0

09/2016



