Similis Antenna for Cellular applications

Part No. SR4C005 lamiiANT ® Product Specification

1. Features

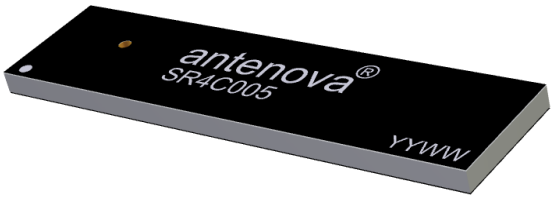
- Antenna for 3G and LTE applications including MIMO systems.
- GSM850, GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, WCDMA2100, LTE B7 (2500-2690 MHz), LTE B40 (2300 – 2400 MHZ).
- Maintains high performance on device: DFI (Designed For Integration)
- Low profile innovative design.
- SMD mounting
- Supplied on Tape and Reel
- Automotive temperature rating.

2. Description

Similis uses a ground plane on the host PCB to radiate effectively. The antenna itself requires a clearance underneath. An external matching circuit is used to optimise the antenna within a device to the required bands. Ideal for 3G single and MIMO antenna systems.

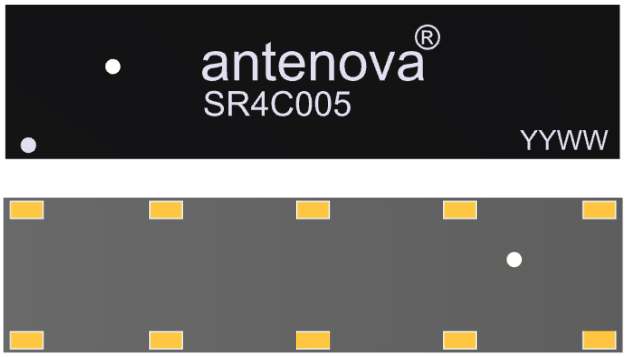
3. Applications

- Femto / Pico base stations
- Portable Devices
- Remote monitoring/ Smart meters
- Network Devices
- Wearable devices



4. Part Number

Similis: SR4C005



5. General Data

Product name	Similis
Part Number	SR4C005
Frequency	824 – 960MHz 1710 – 1990MHz 2110 – 2170MHz 2300 – 2400MHz 2500 – 2690MHz
Polarization	Linear
Operating temperature	-40°C to125°C
Impedance with matching	50 Ω
Weight	2.0 g
Antenna type	SMD
Dimensions	40.0 x 10.0 x 1.6 (mm)

6. RF Characteristics

	824 – 960 MHz	1710 – 1990 MHz
Peak gain	0.9dBi	2.50dBi
Average gain (Linear)	-1.50dBi	-1.5dBi
Average efficiency	>45%	>60%
Maximum return loss	-5dB	-6dB
Maximum VSWR	3.8:1	2.8:1

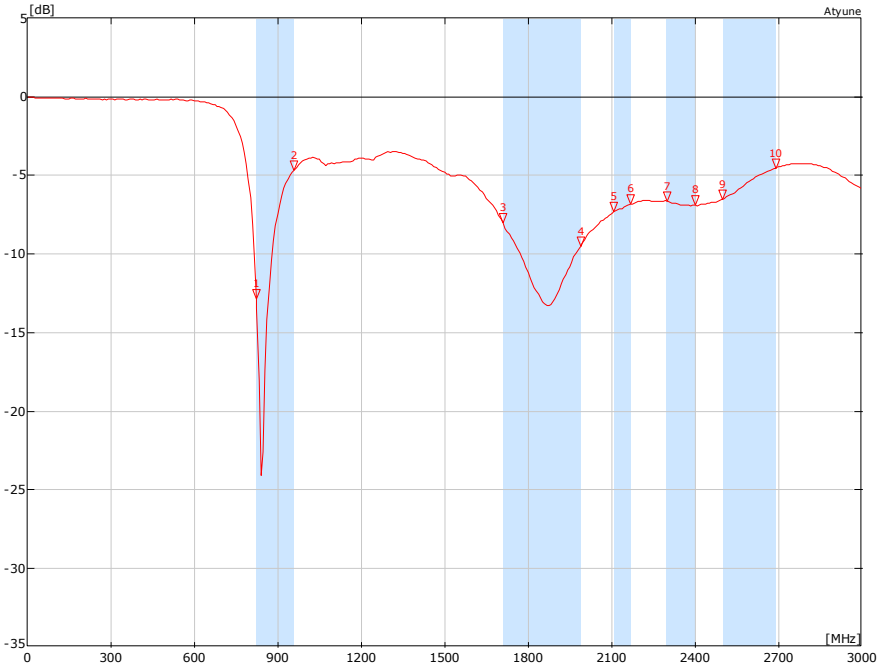
	2110 – 2170 MHz	2300 – 2400 MHz
Peak gain	2.50dBi	2.50dBi
Average gain (Linear)	-1.50dBi	-1.70dBi
Average efficiency	>55%	>60%
Maximum return loss	-6dB	-6dB
Maximum VSWR	3.2:1	2.8:1

	2500 - 2690 MHz
Peak gain	3.20dBi
Average gain (Linear)	-1.70dBi
Average efficiency	>65%
Maximum return loss	-5dB
Maximum VSWR	3.9:1

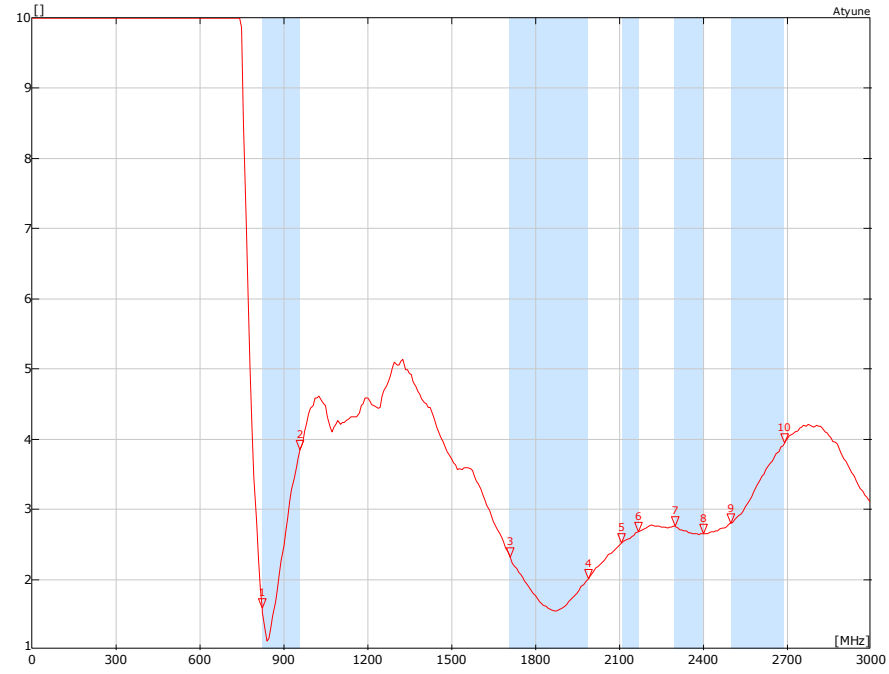
All data measured on Antenova's evaluation PCB
Part No. SR4C005-U1

7. RF Performance

7.1 Return Loss

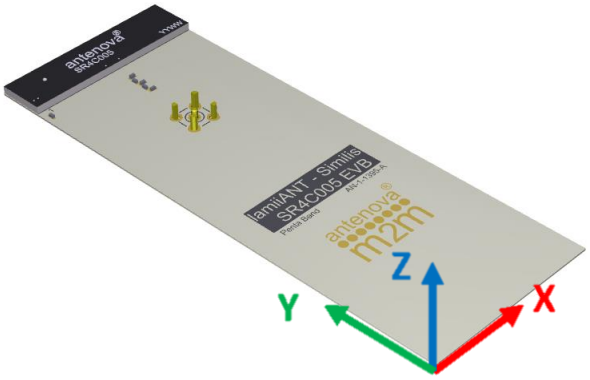


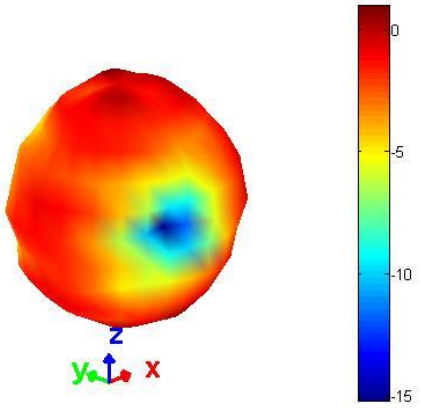
7.2 VSWR



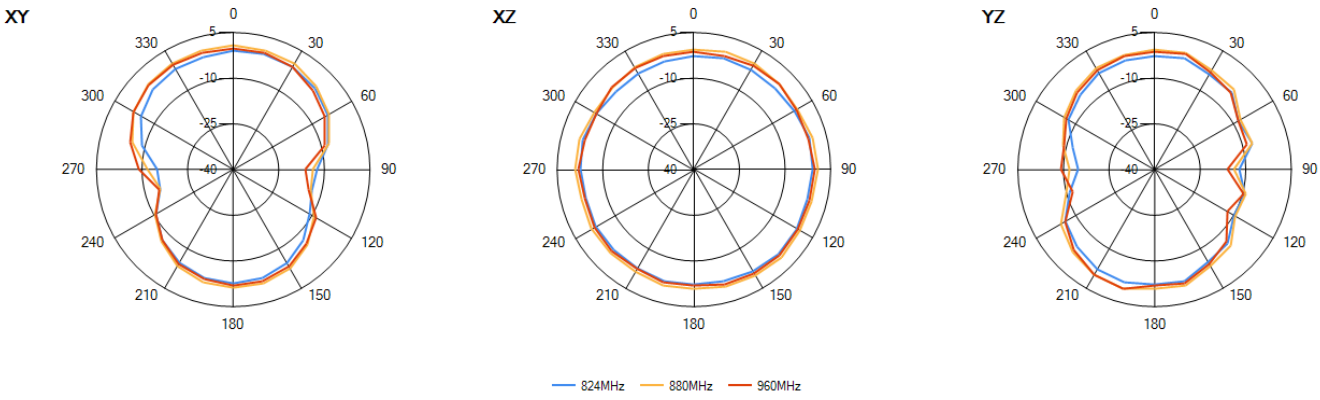
7.3 Antenna pattern

7.3.1 824 MHz – 960 MHz

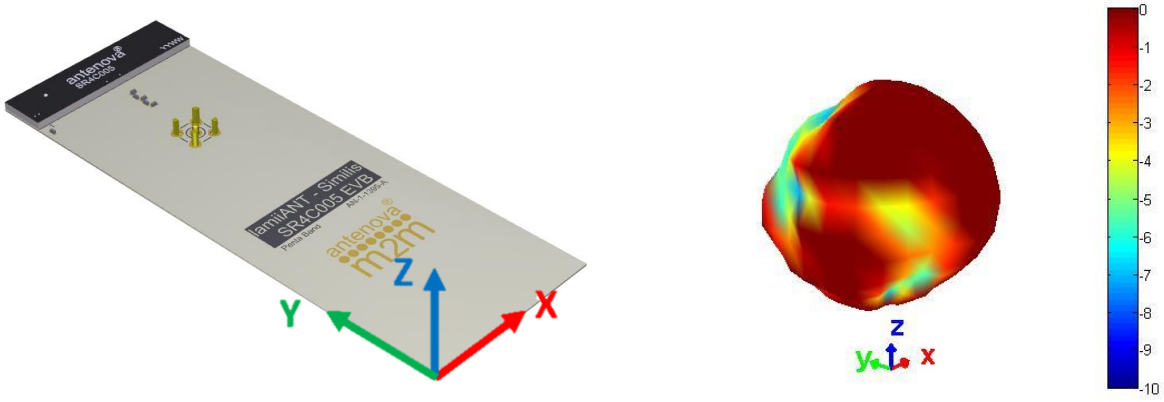




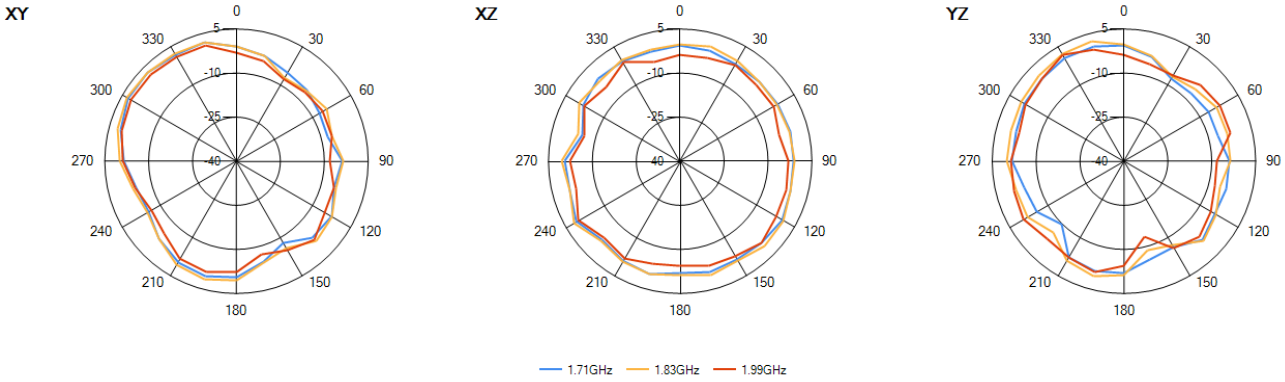
3D pattern at 880 MHz
Drag to rotate pattern and PCB by using Adobe Reader
(Click to Activate)



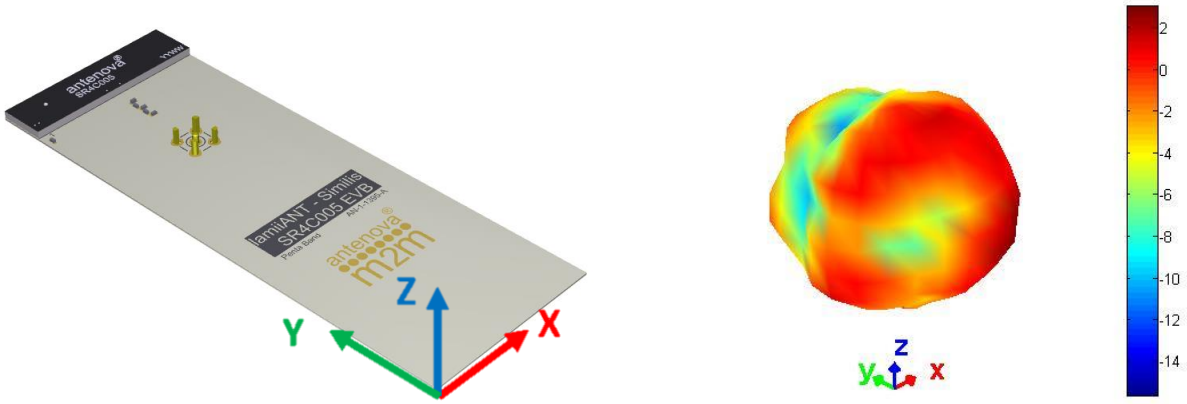
7.3.2 1710 MHz – 1990 MHz



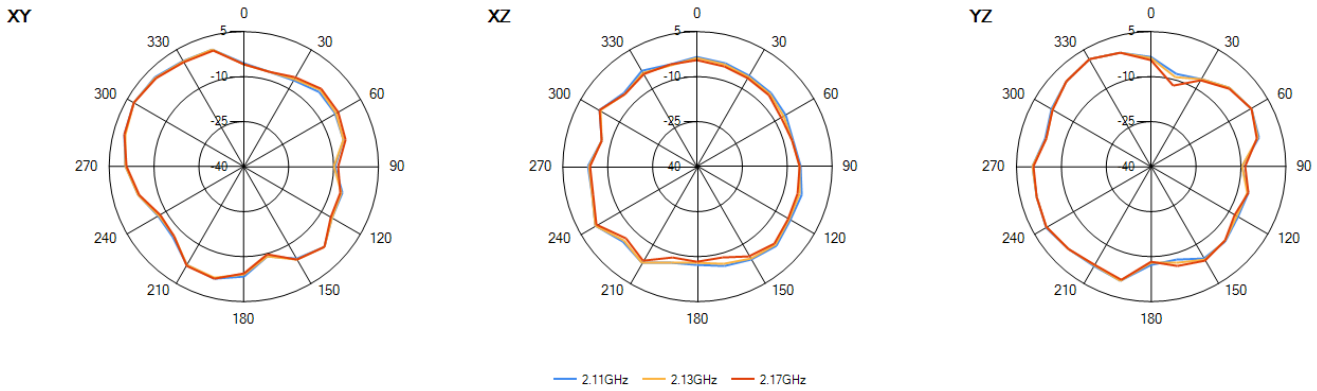
3D pattern at 1810 MHz
Drag to rotate pattern and PCB by using Adobe Reader
(Click to Activate)



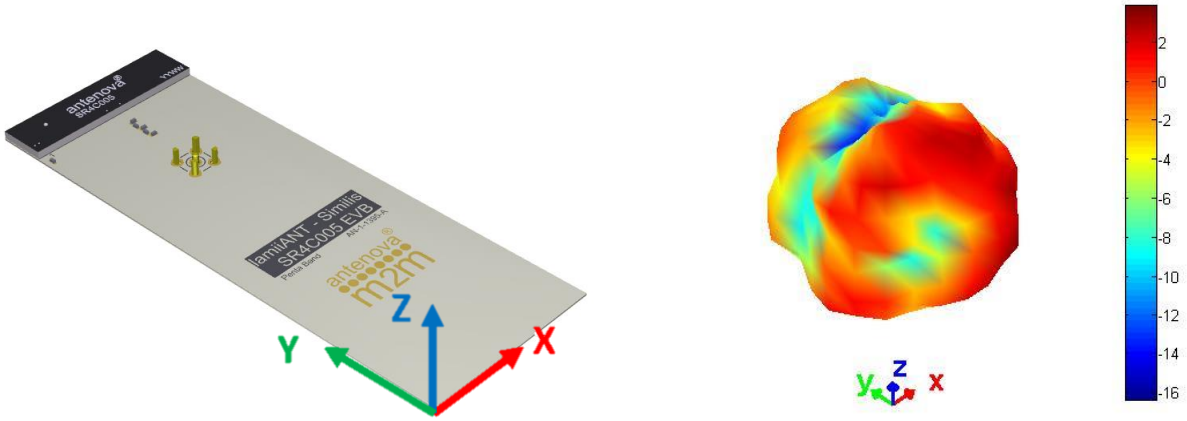
7.3.3 2110 MHz – 2170 MHz



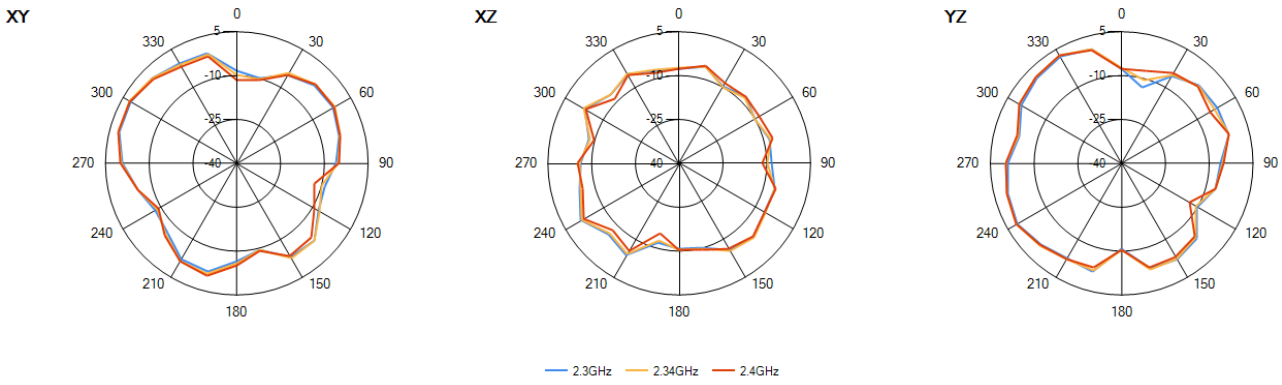
3D pattern at 2110 MHz
Drag to rotate pattern and PCB by using Adobe Reader
(Click to Activate)



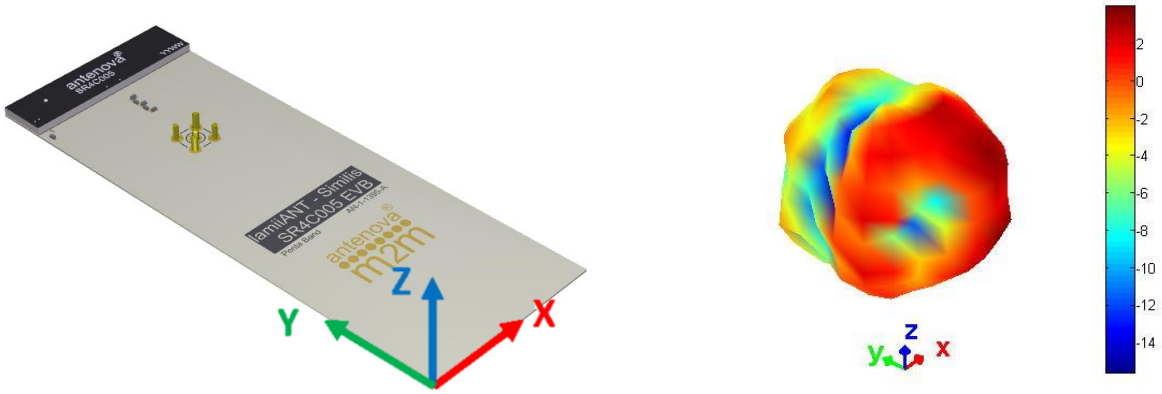
7.3.4 2300 MHz – 2400 MHz



3D pattern at 2340 MHz
Drag to rotate pattern and PCB by using Adobe Reader
(Click to Activate)

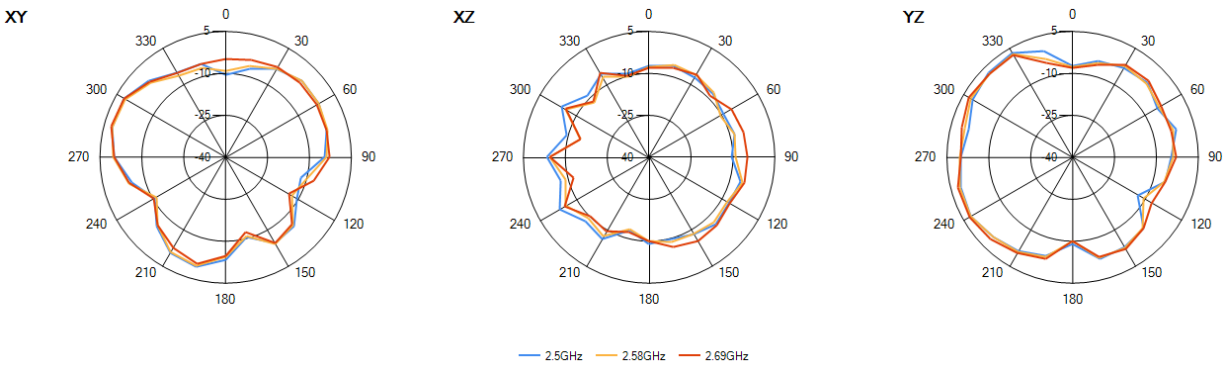


7.3.5 2500 MHz – 2690 MHz

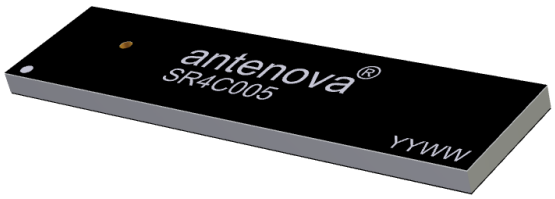


3D pattern at 2580 MHz

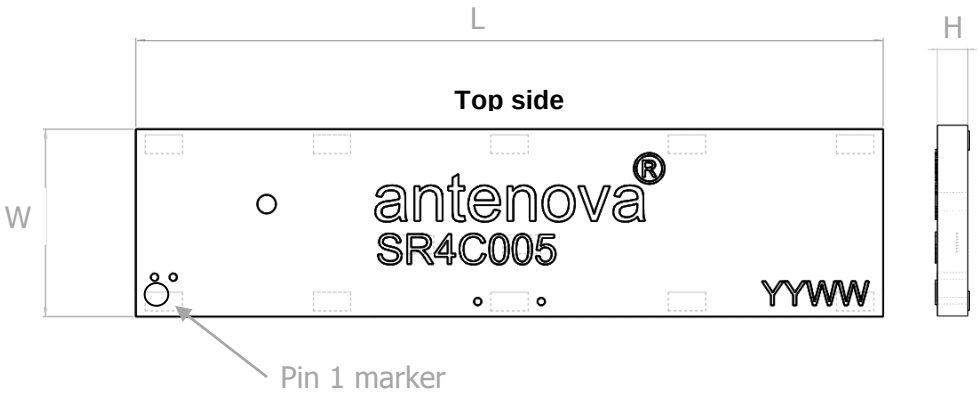
Drag to rotate pattern and PCB by using Adobe Reader
(Click to Activate)

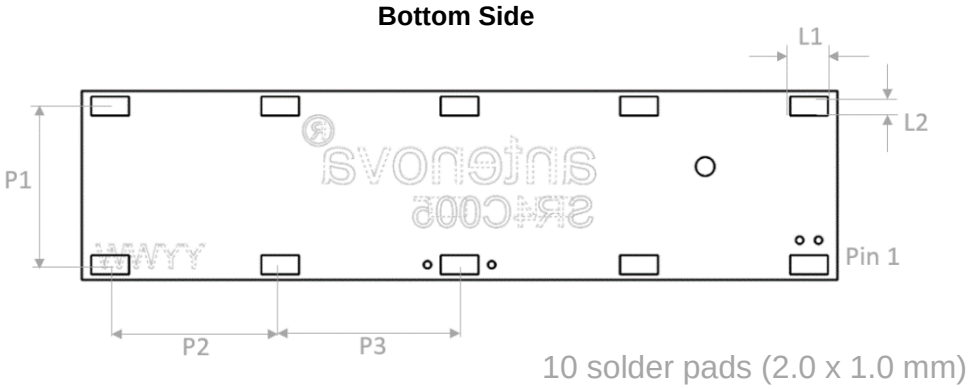


8. Antenna Dimensions



3D rotational
Drag to rotate by using Adobe Reader (Click to activate)





10 solder pads (2.0 x 1.0 mm)

L	W	H
Length	**Width**	**Height**
40.0 ±0.1	10.0 ±0.1	1.7 +0.1 -0.0

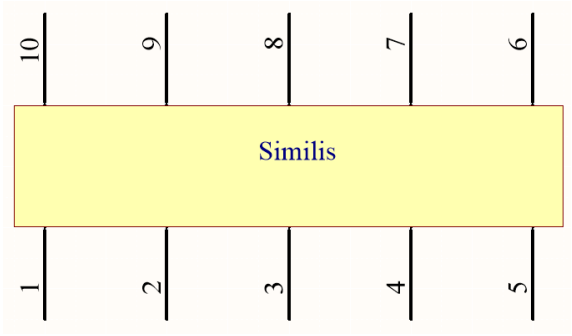
L1	L2	P1	P2	P3
2.0	**1.0**	**8.4**	**9.0**	**9.5**

All Dimensions in (mm)

10.0 Schematic symbol and Pin definition

The circuit symbol for the antenna is shown below. The antenna has 10 pins with only two as functional. All other pins are for mechanical strength.

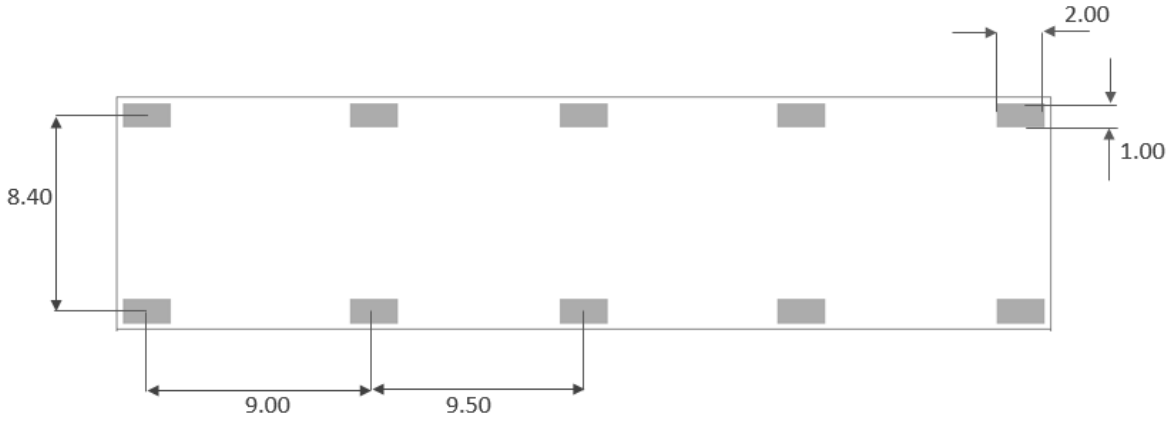
Pin	Description
3	Feed
1	Return/GND
2,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,	Not used (Mechanical only)



Similis

9.0 Antenna footprint

The recommended host PCB footprint is below.



10 copper pads all 2.0 x 1.0 (mm)

11. Electrical Interface

11.1 Transmission Line

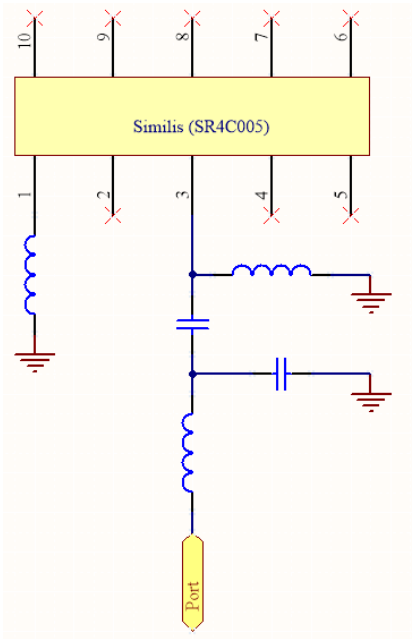
All transmission lines should be designed to have a characteristic impedance of 50Ω.

• The length of the transmission lines should be kept to a minimum
• Any other parts of the RF system like transceivers, power amplifiers, etc, should also be designed to have an impedance of 50 Ω

Once the material for the PCB has been chosen (PCB thickness and dielectric constant), a coplanar transmission line can easily be designed using any of the commercial software packages for transmission line design. For the chosen PCB thickness, copper thickness and substrate dielectric constant, the program will calculate the appropriate transmission line width and gaps on either side of the track so the characteristic impedance of the co-planar transmission is 50 Ω.

11.2 Matching Circuit

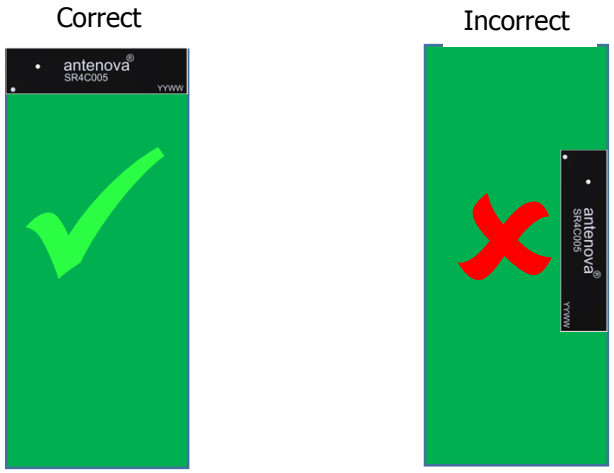
The antenna requires a matching circuit that must be optimized for each product. The matching circuit will require up to five components and the following circuit should be designed into the host PCB. Not all components may be required but should be included as a precaution. The matching network must be placed close to the antenna feed to ensure it is more effective in tuning the antenna.



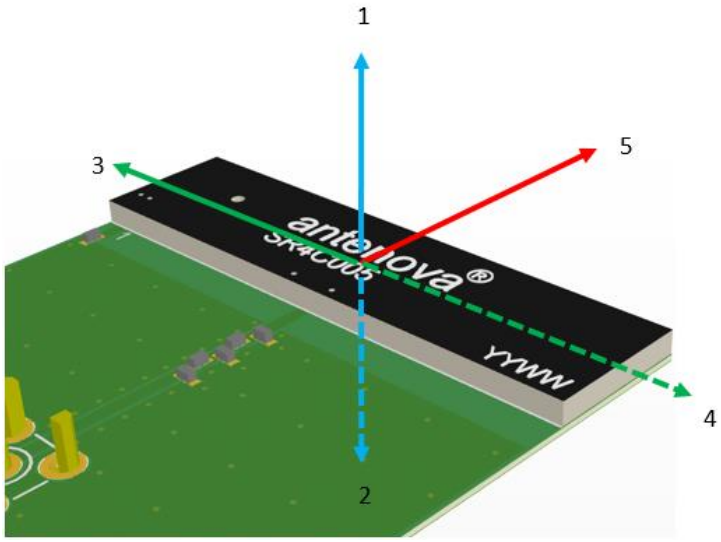
12.0 Antenna Integration Guide

12.1 Antenna Placement

Whichever the host PCB size used, the antenna should be placed ideally on the host PCB's shortest edge with the longest GND



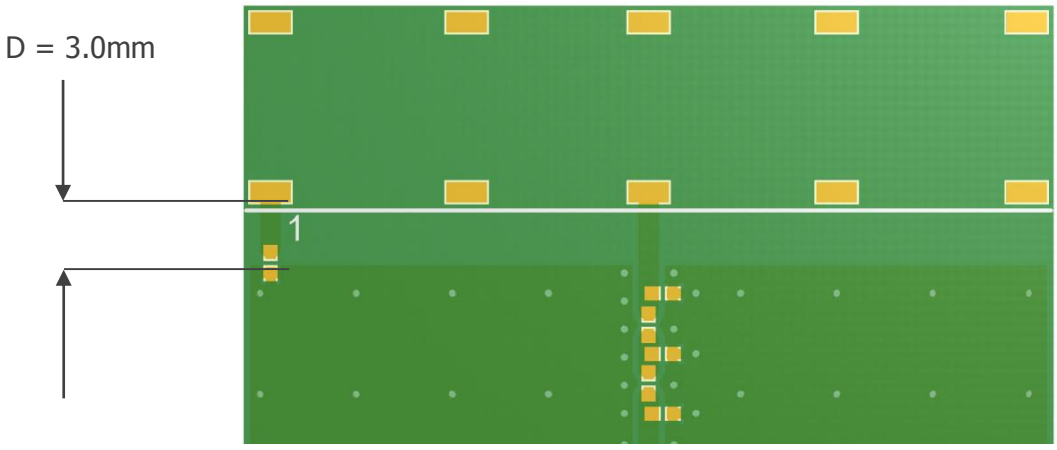
The antenna requires clearance ideally in 5 spatial directions as shown below. Where this cannot be achieved you should keep as many clear as possible to a minimum of 3. Please note performance will degrade with less clearances.



12.2 Host PCB Layout

The host PCB must ensure the footprint and clearance meets the antenna specification. An example of the PCB layout shows the antenna footprint with clearance.

Example host layout

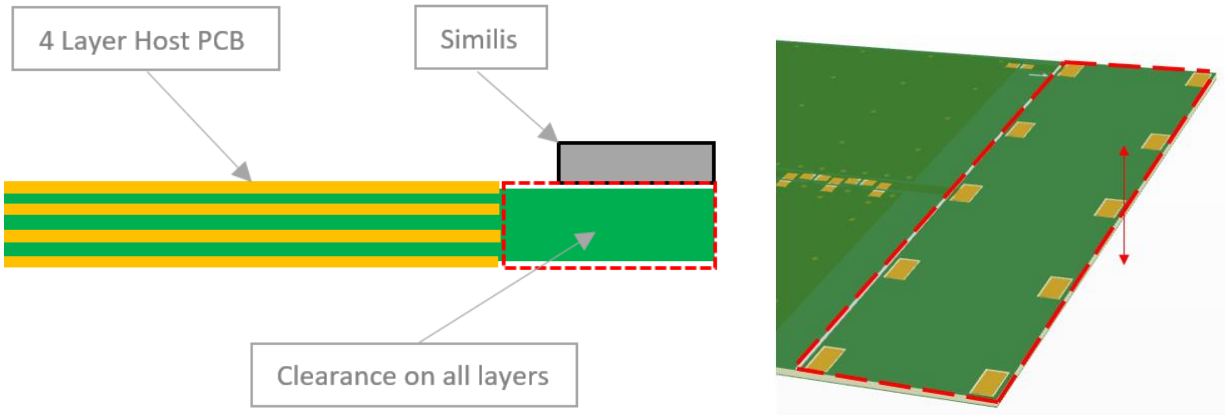


The distance D is the gap required from the antenna SMD pad edge to the ground plane. This should be maintained along the edge the antenna is placed.

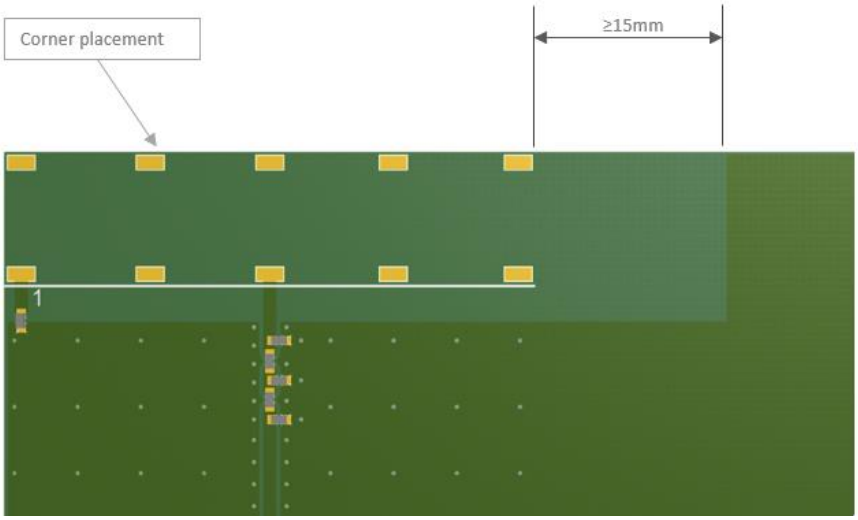
12.3 Host PCB Clearance

Below shows the antenna footprint and clearance through all layers on the PCB. Only the antenna pads and connections to feed and GND are present within this clearance area.

Example host layout

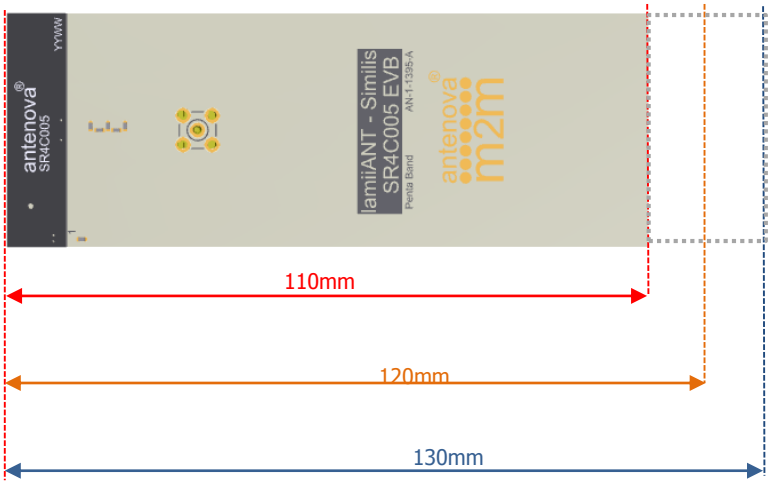


Placement of components and GND with traces adjacent to the antenna should maintain a minimum clearance of 15mm from either side. The antenna should be therefore placed in the corner to only have one side effected.



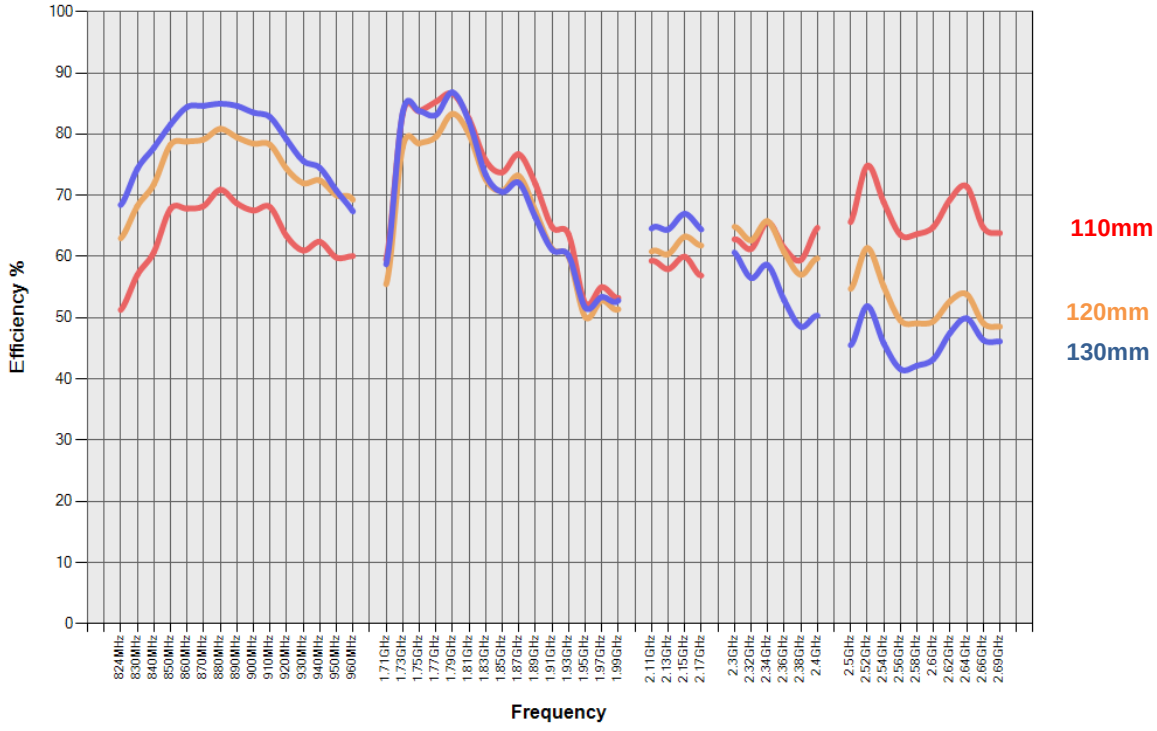
13.0 Host PCB Size

The performance of the low bands is highly dependent on the ground plane length. The host PCB ground needs to be as long as the device allows. Reducing the GND directly relates to the performance of the low bands. As shown below you can see the effect of the GND plane length vs the efficiency.



Passive Efficiency vs. PCB length

All results measured in Antenova's anechoic chamber



14.0 Reference Board

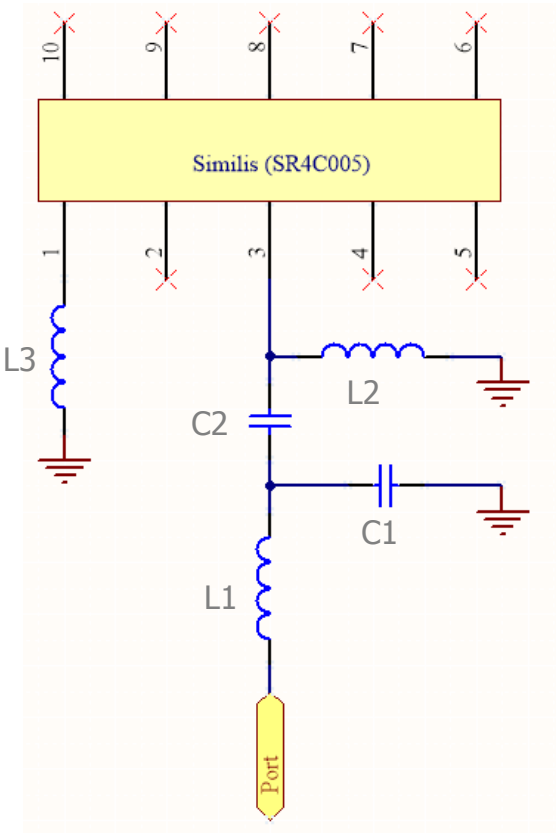
The reference board has been designed for evaluation purposes of SR4C005 includes a SMA female connector.

SR4C005 Evaluation Board

To order a reference board contact sales@antenova-m2m.com.
Please state if single or two antenna EVB is required.

14.1 Reference Board Matching Circuit

The reference board has been designed for evaluation purposes of SR4C005 includes a SMA female connector.



Designator	Type	Value	Description
L1, L3	Inductor	2.2nH	Murata LQG15HN series
L2	Not Fitted	Not Fitted	Not Fitted
C1	Not Fitted	Not Fitted	Not Fitted
C2	Capacitor	22pF	Murata GJM15 series

15. Soldering

This antenna is suitable for lead free soldering.
The reflow profile should be adjusted to suit the device, oven and solder paste, while observing the following conditions:

- The maximum temperature should not exceed 240 ºC
- However for lead free soldering, a maximum temperature of 255 ºC for no more than 20 seconds is permitted.
- The antenna should not be exposed to temperatures exceeding 120 ºC more than 3 times during the soldering process.

16. Hazardous Material Regulation Conformance

The antenna has been tested to conform to RoHS requirements. A certificate of conformance is available from Antenova M2M's website.

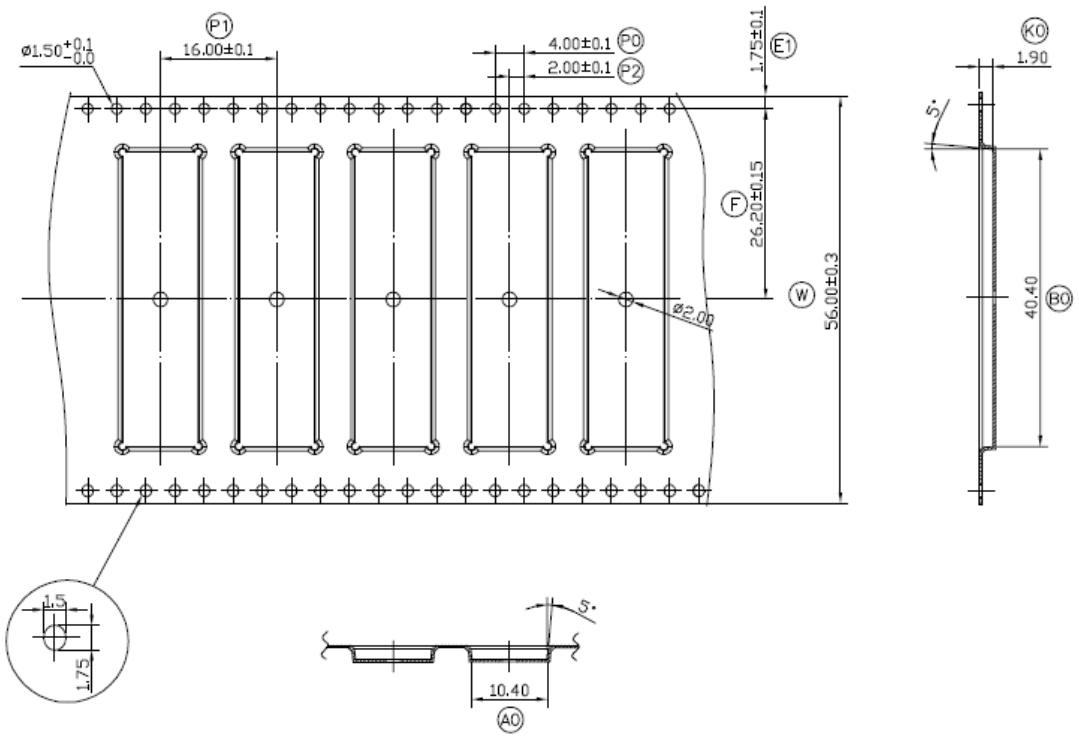
17. Packaging

17.1 Optimal Storage Conditions

Temperature	-10ºC to 40ºC
Humidity	Less than 75% RH
Shelf life	24 Months
Storage place	Away from corrosive gas and direct sunlight
Packaging	Reels should be stored in unopened sealed manufacturer's plastic packaging.

Note: Storage of open reels of antennas is not recommended due to possible oxidization of pads on antennas. If short term storage is necessary, then it is highly recommended that the bag containing the antenna reel is re-sealed and stored in like storage conditions as in above table.

17.2 Tape Characteristics



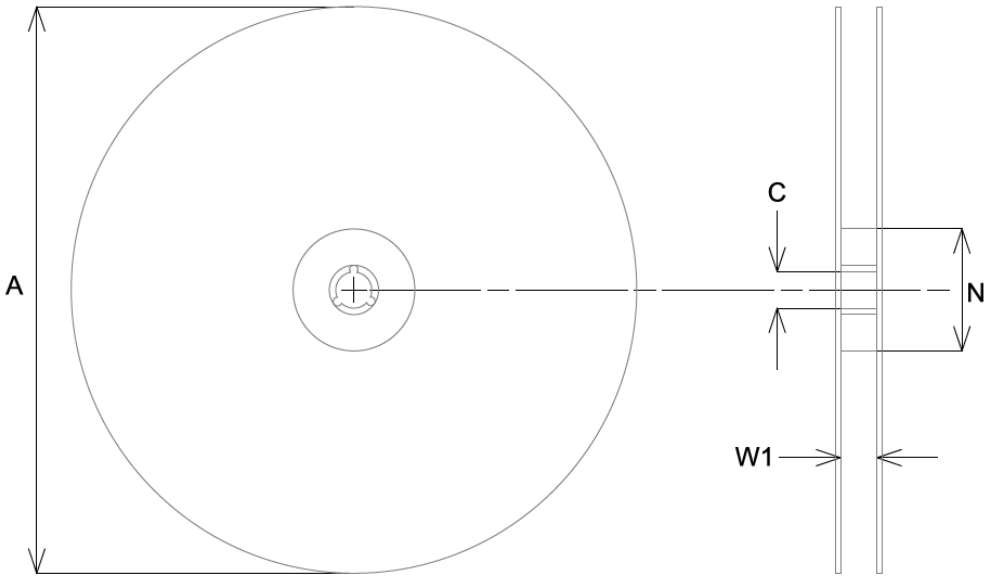
Ko	Ao	Bo	P0	P1	P2
1.90	10.40 ± 0.1	40.40 ± 0.1	4.00 ± 0.1	16.00 ± 0.1	2.00 ± 0.1

E1	F	W
1.75 ± 0.1	26.2 ± 0.15	56.00 ± 0.3

Dimensions in mm

Notes:
1) Material: PS Black – Thickness: 0.35 ±0.05.
2) Packaging length per 22” reel: 85 Meters (1:5).
3) Component load per 13” reel: 1000pcs

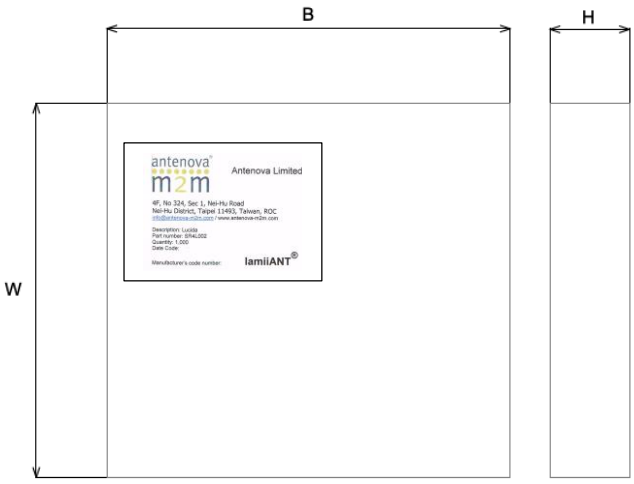
17.3 Reel Dimensions



A	C	N	W1
330.0 ± 2.0	13.5 ± 0.5	100.0 ± 0.2	44.4 ± 0.3

All dimensions in mm

17.4 Box Dimensions

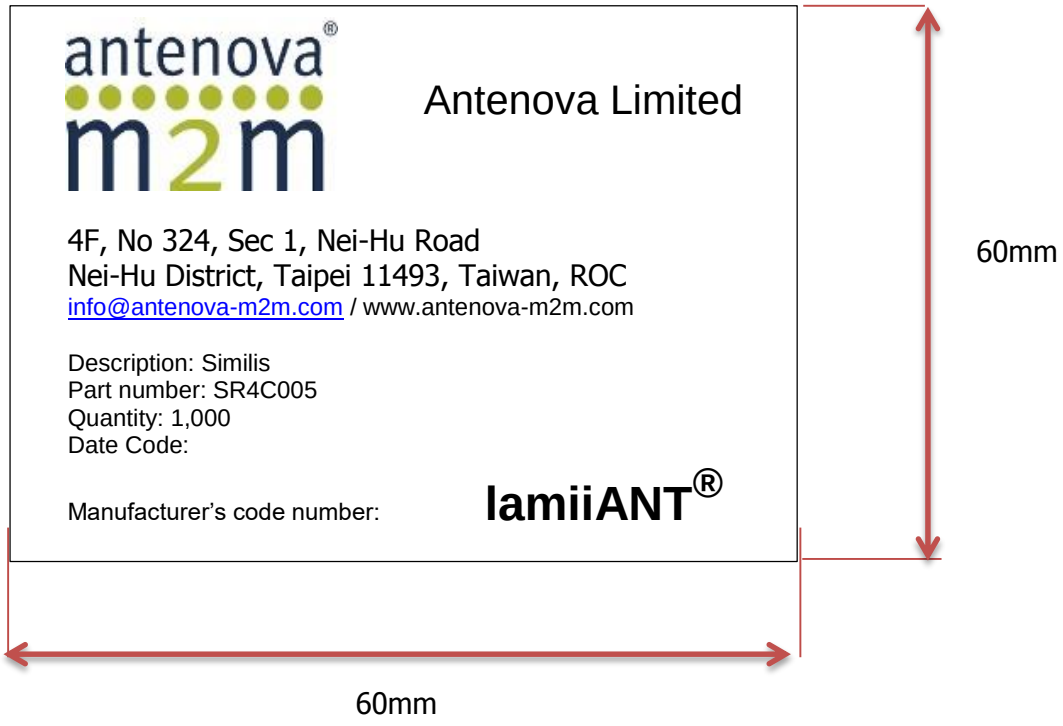


Width (W)	Breadth (B)	Thickness (H)
350mm	355mm	70mm

17.5 Bag Properties

Reels are supplied in protective plastic packaging.

17.6 Reel Label Information



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Certificate No: 4598