3.65x6.15mm SINGLE CHIP LED LIGHT BAR

Part Number: WP1043SGD

Super Bright Green

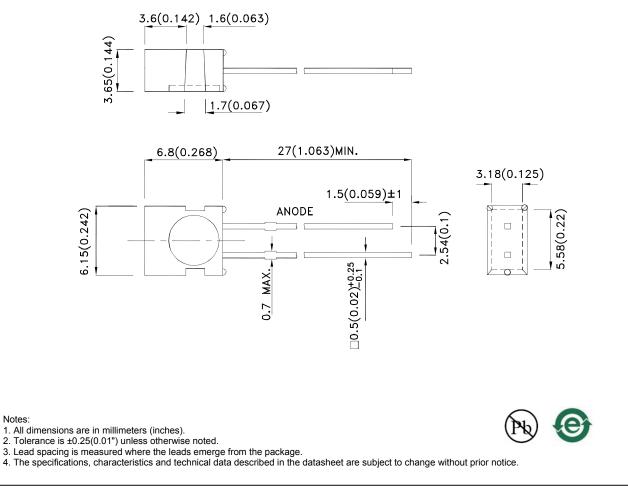
Features

- Flat rectangular light emitting surface.
- Single color.
- Ideal as flush mounted panel indicators.
- Excellent on/off contrast.
- Long life solid state reliability.
- This series are tin-dipped.
- RoHS compliant.

Description

The Super Bright Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

Package Dimensions



SPEC NO: DSAF2701 APPROVED: WYNEC REV NO: V.4B CHECKED: Allen Liu DATE: JAN/25/2013 DRAWN: Y.Liu PAGE: 1 OF 6 ERP: 1101000440

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Part No.	Dice	Dice Lens Type Iv (mcd) [2] @ 20mA		<i>,</i> - -	Viewing Angle [1]
			Min.	Тур.	201/2
WP1043SGD	Super Bright Green (GaP)	Green Diffused	8	16	100°

Notes:

θ1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%.
Luminous intensity value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λpeak	Peak Wavelength	Super Bright Green	565		nm	I⊧=20mA
λD [1]	Dominant Wavelength	Super Bright Green	568		nm	IF=20mA
Δλ1/2	Spectral Line Half-width	Super Bright Green	30	nm		IF=20mA
С	Capacitance	Super Bright Green	15		pF	VF=0V;f=1MHz
VF [2]	Forward Voltage	Super Bright Green	2.2	2.5	V	IF=20mA
lr	Reverse Current	Super Bright Green		10	uA	VR = 5V

Notes:

Wavelength: +/-1nm.
Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.
Wavelength value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

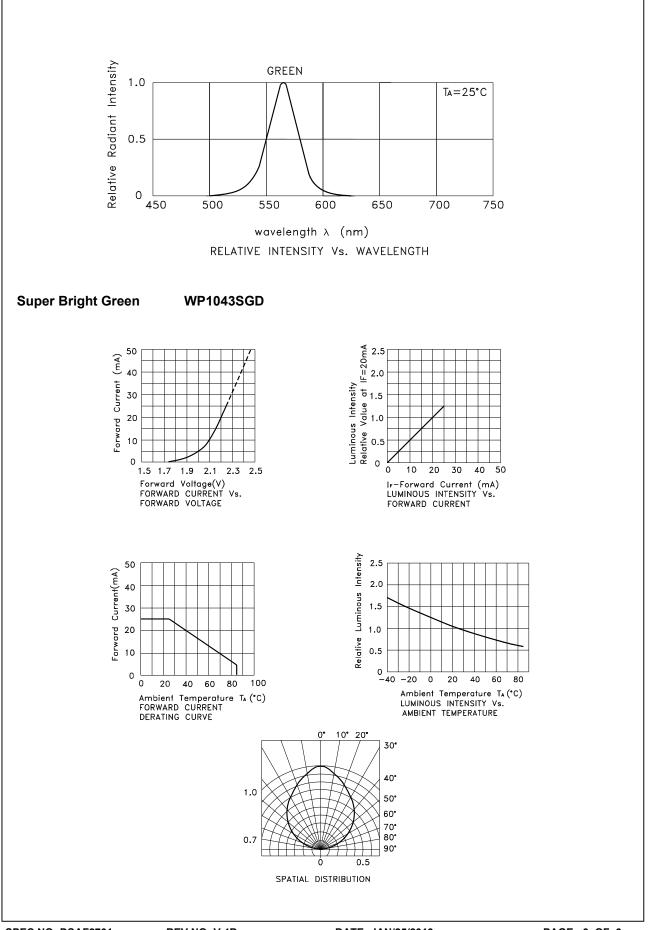
Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

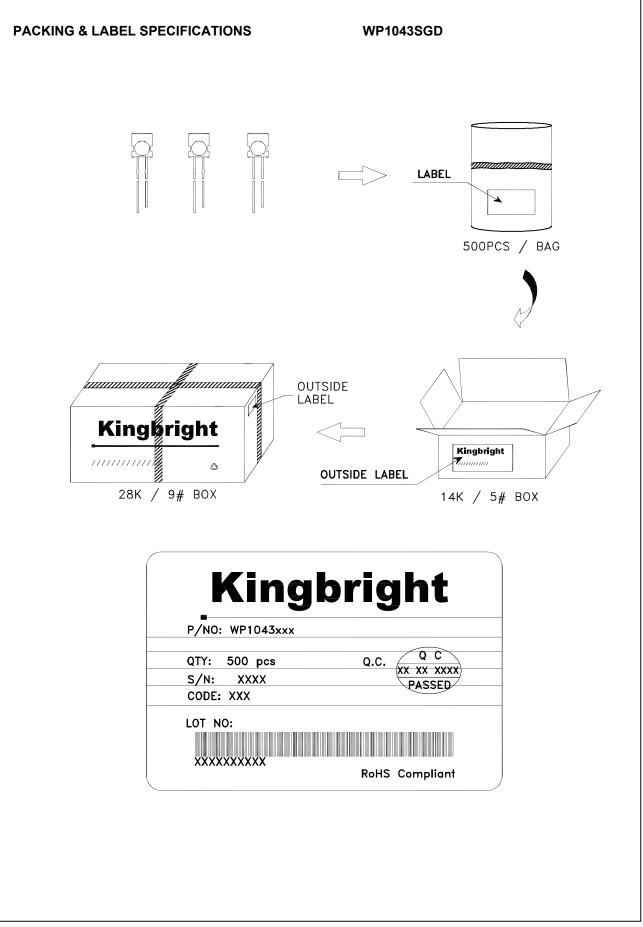
Super Bright Green	Units	
62.5	mW	
25	mA	
140	mA	
5	V	
-40°C To +85°C		
260°C For 3 Seconds		
260°C For 5 Seconds		
	62.5 25 140 5 -40°C To +85°C 260°C For 3 Seconds	

Notes:

1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.

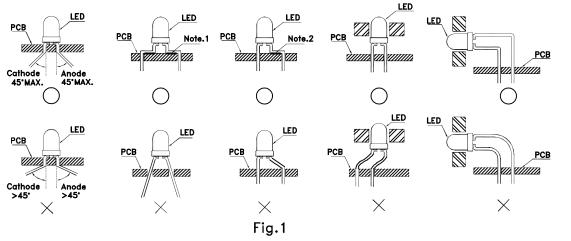
2. 2mm below package base.
3. 5mm below package base.





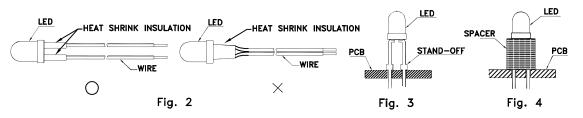
PRECAUTIONS

1. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures. (Fig. 1)

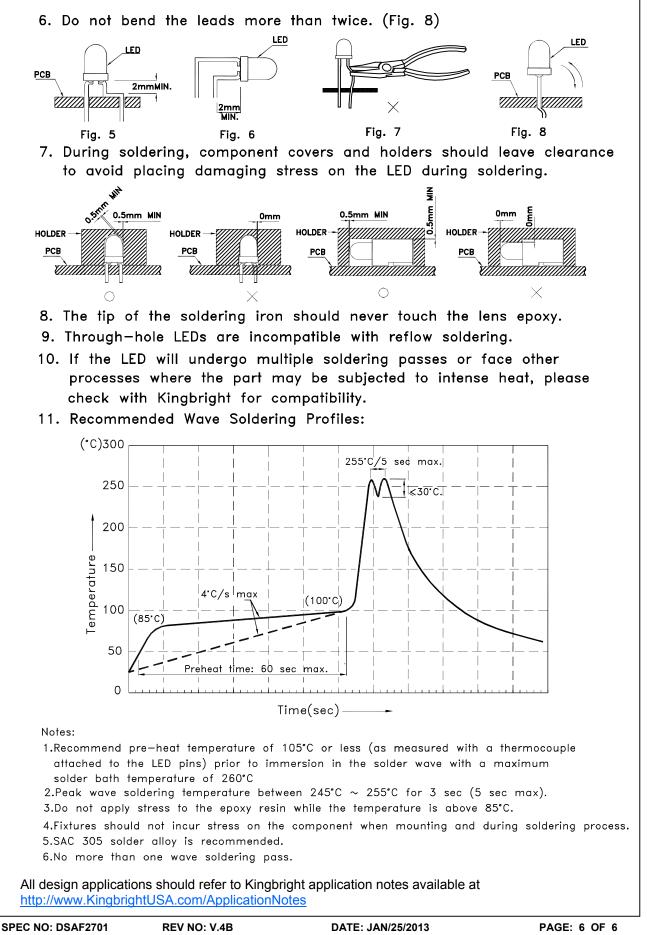


" \bigcirc " Correct mounting method "imes" Incorrect mounting method

- 2. When soldering wire to the LED, use individual heat-shrink tubing to insulate the exposed leads to prevent accidental contact short-circuit. (Fig.2)
- 3. Use stand-offs (Fig.3) or spacers (Fig.4) to securely position the LED above the PCB.



- 4. Maintain a minimum of 2mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend. (Fig. 5 and 6)
- 5. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (Fig. 7)



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