24V 120W 2 Phase / DRP-24V120W2BN





Highlights & Features

- Designed for single phase input 180-305Vac (for L-N) or 2 of 3-Phase system 2 x 180-550Vac (for L-L) or 254-750Vdc
- Compact and corrosion resistant aluminium casing
- High Efficiency > 90.0%
- Built-in constant current and hiccup during overload protection
- Built-in DC OK contact
- Conformal coating on PCBA to protect against chemical and dust pollutants

Safety Standards









CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: DRP-24V120W2BN

Unit Weight: 0.62 kg

Dimensions (L x W x D): 124 x 40 x 117 mm

General Description

The CliQ II DIN rail power supply series with a new model offering two phase 2 x 180-550Vac (for L-L) or single phase 180-305Vac (for L-N) for 24V/5A output. The DRP-24V120W2BN has safety approvals for single phase and two phase input according to IEC/EN/UL 60950-1 and UL 508 safety standards. The product features wide AC input voltage for single or two phase range. Such feature can protect the power supply from damage when user accidentally apply two phase input on the single phase power supply. Other advantages include reduced external input protection components and improved installation time since there is only two phase connection. The product performs under wide operating temperature from -30°C to 70°C with 2-Phase of 3-Phase application (for L-L). Conformal coating is applied on the PCBA to protect against dust and chemical pollutant to withstand harsh industrial environments. Other major safety approvals included.

Model Information

CliQ II DIN Rail Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage	Output Current
DRP-24V120W2BN	2 x 180-550Vac (2-Phase) 180-305Vac (Single Phase)	24Vdc	5.00A
	254-780Vdc		

Model Numbering

DR	P -	24V	120W	2	В	N
DIN Rail	Power Supply	Output Voltage	Output Power	Two Phase	CliQ II Series	N - Metal Case, without Class I, Div 2



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Specifications

Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage	2 x 200-500Vac (2-Phase) 200-277Vac (Single Phase)
Input Voltage Range	2 x 180-550Vac (2-Phase) 180-305Vac (Single Phase)
Nominal Input Frequency	50-60Hz
Input Frequency Range	47-63Hz
DC Input Voltage Range*	254-780Vdc
Input Current	< 1.20A @ 2 x 230Vac, < 0.65A @ 2 x 400Vac
Efficiency at 100% Load	> 90.0% @ 2 x 400Vac
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)	< 50A @ 2 x 200Vac & 2 x 500Vac
Leakage Current	< 3.5mA @ 500Vac

^{*}Safety approval according to IEC/EN/UL 60950-1.

Output Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Output Voltage		24Vdc	
Output Voltage Tolerance		± 2% (initial set point tolerance from factory)	
Output Voltage Adjustment Range		24-28Vdc	
Output Current		5.00A (continuously operating at 24V) 6.00A (Power Boost for 3 seconds at 24V, refer to t details in the Functions section)	
Output Power		120W (continuously operating at 24V) 144W (Power Boost for 3 seconds at 24V, refer to the details in the Functions section)	
Line Regulation		< 0.5% typ. (@ 200-550Vac input, 100% load)	
Load Regulation		< 1% typ. (@ 200-550Vac input, 0-100% load)	
PARD (20MHz)		< 150mVpp	
Rise Time		< 70ms @ nominal input (100% load)	
Start-up Time		< 2,500ms @ nominal input (100% load)	
Hold-up Time		>10ms @ 2 x 230Vac, > 50ms @ 2 x 400Vac (100% load)	
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)		± 5% @ 0-100% load	
Start-up with Capacitive Loads		5,000µF Max	
Functional	DC OK Relay Contact	12V / 1A	
		The relay is usually open when the output is normal	



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Mechanical

Case Cover / Chassis		Aluminium	
Dimensions (L x W x D)		124 x 40 x 117 mm	
Unit Weight		0.62 kg	
Indicator		Green LED (DC OK)	
Cooling System		Convection	
Terminal	Input	3 Pins (Rated 600V/35A)	
	Output	4 Pins (Rated 300V/28A)	
Wire	Input	AWG 18-8	
	Output	AWG 18-12	
Mounting Rail		Standard TS35 DIN Rail in accordance with EN 60715	
Noise (1 Meter from power supply)		Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 40dBA	

Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-30°C to +70°C		
	Storage	-40°C to +85°C		
Power De-rating	Vertical Mounting	> 60°C de-rate power by 4% / °C		
	Horizontal Mounting	> 50°C de-rate power by 4% / °C		
	Input Voltage	< 200Vac de-rate power by 2% / Vac		
Operating Humidity		5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing)		
Operating Altitude		0 to 2,500 Meters for ITE application (@ 60°C) 0 to 2,000 Meters for Industrial application (@ 60°C)		
Shock Test (Non-Operating)		IEC 60068-2-27, 30G (300m/S²) for a duration of 18ms, 3 times per direction, 6 times in total		
Vibration (Non-Operating)		IEC 60068-2-6, 10Hz to 500Hz @ 30m/S² (3G peak); 60 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction		
Pollution Degree		2		

Protections

Overvoltage	32V ±10%, SELV Output, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Overload / Overcurrent	> 120-160% of rated load current, Constant current, Hiccup Mode (Auto-Recovery)
Over Temperature	< 80°C Surrounding Air Temperature @ 100% load Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)
Degree of Protection	IP20
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE* connection

^{*}PE: Primary Earth



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Reliability Data

MTBF	> 800,000 hrs. as per Telcordia SR-332 I/P: 2 x 200Vac, O/P: 100% load, Ta: 25°C
Expected Cap Life Time	10 years (2 x 200Vac & 300Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)

Safety Standards / Directives

Electrical Equipment in Power Installations	EN 50178 / IEC 62103		
Electrical Safety		SIQ to EN 60950-1, UL/cUL recognized to UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E191395), CB scheme to IEC 60950-1	
Industrial Control Equipment		UL/cUL listed to UL 508 and CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01 (File No. E315355), CSA to CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01 (File No. 181564)	
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2004/108/EC (only AC input) and Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC	
Material and Parts	Material and Parts		
Galvanic Isolation Input to Output		4.0KVac	
Input to Ground Output to Ground		2.0KVac	
		1.5KVac	

EMC

EMC / Emissions	CISPR 22, EN 55022, CISPR 11, EN 55011, FCC Title 47: Class B		
Component Power Supply for General Use	EN 61204-3		
Immunity to		EN 55024, EN 61000-6-2	
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Level 4 Criteria A ¹⁾ Air Discharge: 15kV Contact Discharge: 8kV	
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 80MHz-1GHz, 10V/M, 80% modulation (1kHz) 1.4GHz-2GHz, 3V/M, 80% modulation (1KHz) 2GHz-2.7GHz, 1V/M, 80% modulation (1KHz)	
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 2kV	
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ Common Mode ²⁾ : 2kV Differential Mode ³⁾ : 1kV	
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 150kHz-80MHz, 10Vrms	
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Criteria A ¹⁾ 30A/Meter	
Voltage Dips	IEC 61000-4-11	100% dip; 1 cycle (20ms); Self Recoverable	
Low Energy Pulse Test (Ring Wave)	IEC 61000-4-12	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ Common Mode ²⁾ : 2kV Differential Mode ³⁾ : 1kV	
Harmonic Current Emission		IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A	
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker		IEC/EN 61000-3-3	

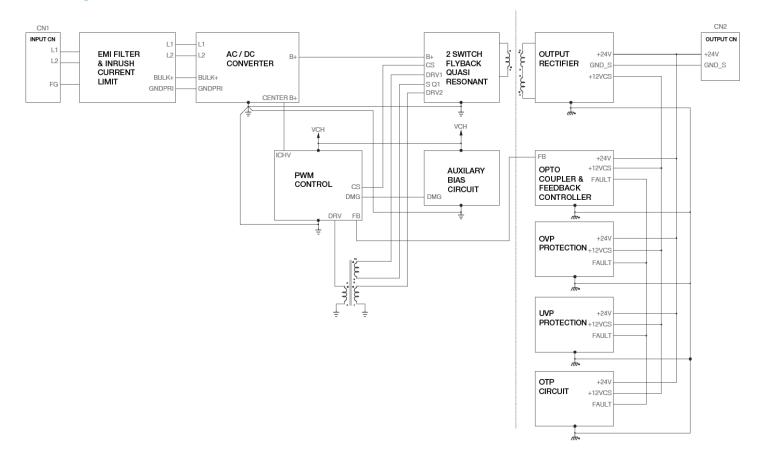
¹⁾ Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits 2) Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth)



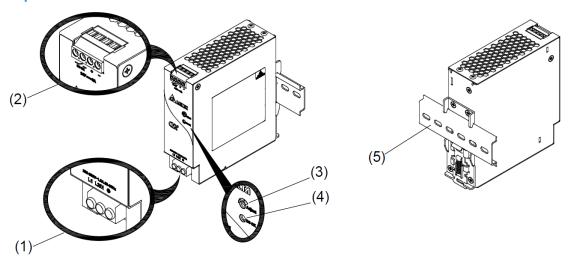
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3) Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)

Block Diagram



Device Description



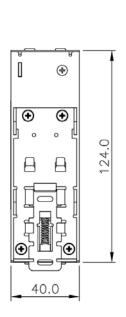
- 1) Input terminal block connector
- 2) Output terminal block connector
- 3) DC Voltage adjustment potentiometer
- 4) DC OK LED (Green)
- 5) Universal mounting rail system

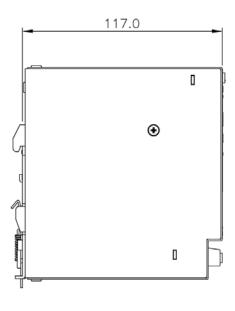


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Dimensions

L x W x D: 124 x 40 x 117 mm







Engineering Data

De-rating

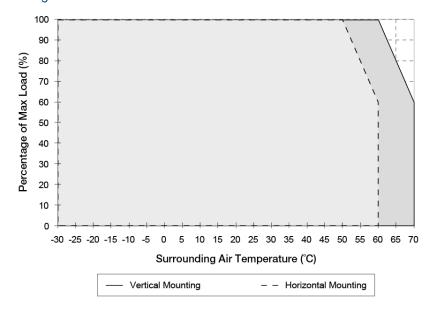


Fig. 1 De-rating for Vertical Mounting Orientation > 60°C de-rate power by 4% / °C

De-rating for Horizontal Mounting Orientation > 50°C de-rate power by 4% / °C

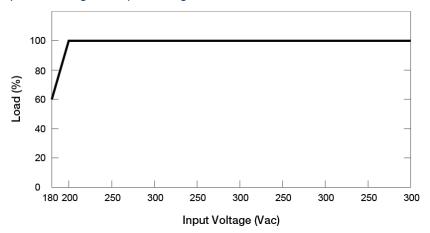
Note

- Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
- 2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature >60°C (Vertical) or >50°C (Horizontal), the device may run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
- In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance of 5mm (for Vertical Mounting) or 50mm (for Horizontal Mounting) with adjacent units while the device is in operation.
- 4. Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- 5. If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please do not hesitate to contact



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Output De-rating VS. Input Voltage



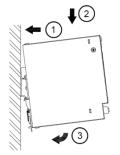
No output power de-rating for the input voltage range from 200Vac to 300Vac

Assembly & Installation

The power supply unit (PSU) can be mounted on 35mm DIN rails in accordance with EN 60715. For Vertical Mounting, the device should be installed with input terminal block at the bottom. For Horizontal Mounting, the device should be installed with input terminal block on the left side.

Each device is delivered ready to install.

Mounting



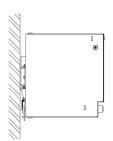
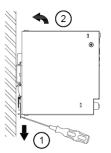


Fig. 2.1 Mounting

Snap on the DIN rail as shown in Fig. 2.1:

- 1. Tilt the unit upwards and insert it onto the DIN rail.
- Push downwards until stopped.
- 3. Press against the bottom front side for locking.
- 4. Shake the unit slightly to ensure that it is secured.

Dismounting



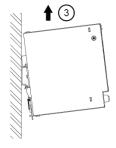


Fig. 2.2 Dismounting

To uninstall, pull or slide down the latch with screw driver as shown in Fig. 2.2. Then slide the power supply unit (PSU) in the opposite direction, release the latch and pull out the power supply unit (PSU) from the rail.

In accordance to EN 60950 / UL 50950, flexible cables require ferrules. Use appropriate copper cables designed to sustain operating temperature of:

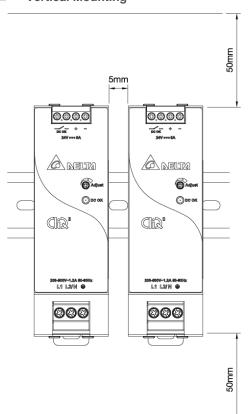
- 1. 60°C, 60°C / 75°C for USA
- 2. At least 75°C for ambient not exceeding 50°C, and 90°C for ambient exceeding 50°C for Canada.



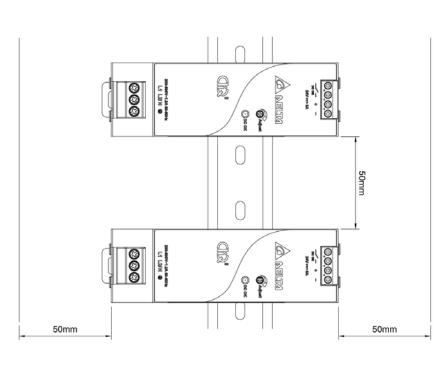
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Safety Instructions

Vertical Mounting



Horizontal Mounting



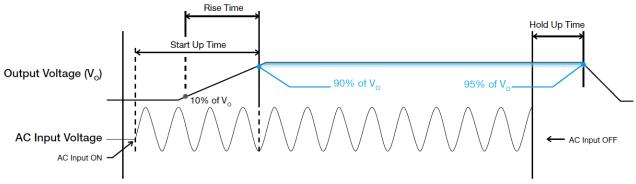
- ALWAYS switch mains of input power OFF before connecting and disconnecting the input voltage to the unit. If mains are not turned OFF, there is risk of explosion / severe damage.
- To guarantee sufficient convection cooling, keep a distance of 50mm above and below the device as well as a lateral distance of 5mm (for Vertical Mounting) or 50mm (for Horizontal Mounting) to other units.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the surrounding air temperature and load of the power supply. Risk of burns!
- The main power must be turned off before connecting or disconnecting wires to the terminals.
- DO NOT insert any objects into the unit.
- Hazardous voltages may be present for up to 5 minutes after the input mains voltage is disconnected. Do not touch the unit during this time.
- The power supplies unit should be installed in minimum IP54 rated enclosure.
- The power supplies are built in units and must be installed in a cabinet or room (condensation free environment and indoor location) that is relatively free of conductive contaminants.
- CAUTION: Double pole/neutral fusing.
- CAUTION: "For use in a controlled environment".



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Functions

■ Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its set value, after the input voltage is applied.

Rise Time

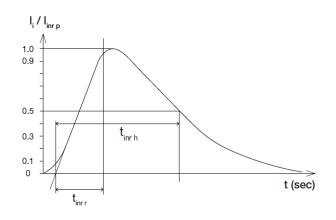
The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its set value.

Hold-up Time

Hold up time is the time when the AC input collapses and output voltage retains regulation for a certain period of time. The time required for the output to reach 90% of its set value, after the input voltage is removed.

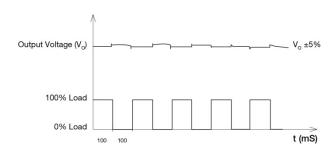
Inrush Current

Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remains within $\pm 5\%$ of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0 to 100% of its rated current.





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Power Boost

Power Boost is the reserve power available constantly that allows reliable startup to support sudden and short spike of loads with high inrush current typically during turn on to remove the need of more expensive higher rated power supply unit. After the output has reached its steady state set value, the power supply can support surge loads with a higher short-term power demand up to 100% of maximum rated load (Io Max), for a maximum duration of 5 seconds. The Power Boost is also available to repeatedly basis with according to the condition of an average (R.M.S) output power shall not exceed continuous operating condition or refer to duty cycle calculation below.

$$Duty\ cycle\ (\%) = \frac{T_P}{Total\ Time}$$

$$Average\ Output\ Power\ (P_{Avg}) = \frac{(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P) + (Non\text{-}Peak\ Power\ \times T_N)}{Total\ Time}$$

OR

$$Non\text{-Peak Power} = \frac{\left(P_{Avg} \times Total\ Time\right) - \left(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P\right)}{T_N}$$

■ An example of Power Boost and Average Output Power

Power Boost	Peak Power (W _P)	Power Boost Duration (T _P)	Duty Cycle	Non-Peak Power (W _N)	Non-Peak Power Duration (T _N)	Total Time (T)
120%	144	3 sec	10%	114W	27 sec	30 sec
120%	144	3 sec	15%	116W	17 sec	20 sec

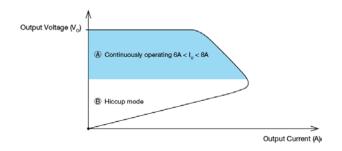
It is not recommended to prolong the duration of Power Boost to be longer than the specified duty cycle calculation, this may cause damage to the PSU.



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Overload & Overcurrent Protections

The power supply's Overcurrent (OCP) Protection will be activated when output current is >6.3A typical. In such occurrence, the $V_{\rm O}$ will start to droop and once the output voltage is below 10Vdc typ., the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OCP is removed and $I_{\rm O}$ is back within the specifications.

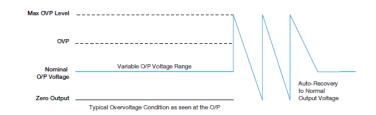


Short Circuit Protection

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

Overvoltage Protection

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections".



Over Temperature Protection

As mentioned above, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode until the temperature drops to its normal operating temperature as recommended in the de-rating graph.



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Operating Mode

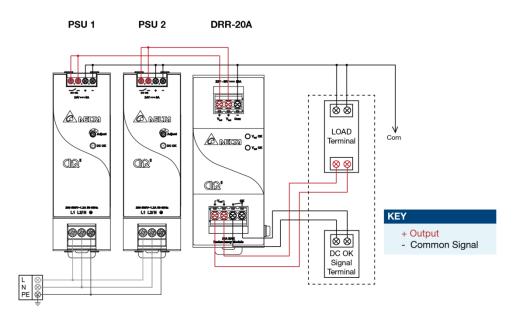


Fig. 3 Redundancy / Parallel Operation Connection Diagram

Redundancy Operation

In order to ensure proper redundancy operation for the power supply unit (PSU), ensure that the output voltage difference between the two units is kept at 0.45~0.50V for 24V supplies. Follow simple steps given below to verify:

Step 1.

Measure output voltage of PSU 1 and PSU 2. If PSU 1 is the master unit, then Vo of PSU 1 must be higher than PSU 2.

In order to set the output voltage, connect the power supply to 50% load and set the PSU 1 and PSU 2 output voltage.

Step 2

Connect the right DRR module, 20A as per the system requirement to the power supply units PSU 1 and PSU 2 at V_{in} 1 & V_{in} 2 respectively.

Step 3.

Connect the system load from V_{out} . Please note that output voltage V_{out} from DRR module will be = V_O (output voltage of power supply) - V_{drop}^* (in DRR module).

Parallel Operation

These DRR modules can also be used for Parallel function in order to increase the output power by N+1 (e.g. 2.5A + 2.5A = 5A or 2.5A + 2.5A = 7.5A) or current sharing, and thus increasing the power supply and system reliability. Though the DRP-24V120W2BN is not designed for current sharing, a good current sharing between two power supplies can be achieved by following simple steps as below (Refer to Fig. 3 for the Connection Diagram).

Step 1.

Set output load condition for both supplies at 50% and measure the output voltages.

Step 2.

Adjust output voltages to the same level or within ±25mV difference.

Step 3.

Connect PSU 1 and PSU 2 with the DRR-20A module and measure at V_{in} 1 & V_{in} 2 to verify the voltage difference. Ensure the voltages are within $\pm 25 \text{mV}$.

Step 4.

Output voltage from DRR module V_{out} will be = V_{O} (output voltage of power supply) – V_{drop}^{*} (in DRR module).

^{*}V_{drop} will vary from 0.60V to 0.90V (Typical 0.65V) depending on the load current and surrounding air temperature.



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Others

Delta RoHS Compliant



Restriction of the usage of hazardous substances

The European directive 2011/65/EU limits the maximum impurity level of homogeneous materials such as lead, mercury, cadmium, chrome, polybrominated flame retardants PBB and PBDE for the use in electrical and electronic equipment. RoHS is the abbreviation for "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment".

This product conforms to this standard.

Conformal Coating



The Protective Coating Technology

Delta Electronics Group has designed the perfect dipping technique which penetrates everywhere including under device, and prevents leakage. The conformal coating dipping can be applied to PCBAs or circuit board. The coating preserves the performance of precision electronic primarily by preventing ionizable contaminants such as salt from reaching circuit nodes, where the material slumps around sharp edges. This can be a problem especially in highly conversing atmosphere.

PFC - Norm EN 61000-3-2

Line Current Harmonic content



Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.

