

Rev. 1.4 01

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VOLTAGE MONITORING IC WITH CELL BALANCING FUNCTION

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The S-8249 Series is a voltage monitoring IC with a cell balancing function and includes a high-accuracy voltage detection circuit and a delay circuit.

The S-8249 Series is suitable for cell balancing and overcharge protection of batteries and capacitors.

Features

• High-accuracy voltage detection c	ircuit					
Cell balancing detection voltage:	2.0 V to 4.6 V (5 mV step)	Accuracy \pm 12 mV (2.0 V \leq V _{BU} $<$ 2.4 V)				
		Accuracy $\pm 0.5\%$ (2.4 V $\leq V_{BU} \leq 4.6$ V)				
Cell balancing release voltage:	2.0 V to 4.6 V ^{*1}	Accuracy ± 24 mV (2.0 V \leq V _{BL} $<$ 2.4 V)				
		Accuracy $\pm 1.0\%$ (2.4 V $\leq V_{BL} \leq 4.6$ V)				
Overcharge detection voltage:	2.0 V to 4.6 V (5 mV step)	Accuracy \pm 12 mV (2.0 V \leq V _{CU} $<$ 2.4 V)				
		Accuracy $\pm 0.5\%$ (2.4 V \leq V_{CU} \leq 4.6 V)				
Overcharge release voltage:	2.0 V to 4.6 V ^{*2}	Accuracy ± 24 mV (2.0 V \leq V _{CL} $<$ 2.4 V)				
		Accuracy $\pm 1.0\%$ (2.4 V \leq V _{CL} \leq 4.6 V)				
• Built-in Nch transistor with ON resistance of 5 Ω typ. between the CB pin and the VSS pin						

- Current consumption: 2.0 μ A max. (Ta = +25°C)
- Delay times are generated only by an internal circuit (External capacitors are unnecessary).
- CO pin output form and output logic are selectable: CMOS output
 Active "H", active "L"
 - Nch open-drain output Active "H", active "L"
- Switchable to power-saving mode by using the \overline{CE} pin
- Operation temperature range: Ta = -40°C to +85°C
- Lead-free (Sn 100%), halogen-free
- *1. Cell balancing release voltage = Cell balancing detection voltage Cell balancing hysteresis voltage (Cell balancing hysteresis voltage can be selected as 0 V or from a range of 0.1 V to 0.7 V in 50 mV step.)
- *2. Overcharge release voltage = Overcharge detection voltage Overcharge hysteresis voltage (Overcharge hysteresis voltage can be selected as 0 V or from a range of 0.1 V to 0.7 V in 50 mV step.)

Applications

- Rechargeable battery module
- Capacitor module

Package

• SOT-23-6

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Block Diagram



*1. All diodes shown in the figure are parasitic diodes.

Figure 1

Product Name Structure

1. Product name



*1. Refer to the tape drawing.

2. Package

Table 1	Package	Drawing	Codes
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Package Name	Dimension	Таре	Reel
SOT-23-6	MP006-A-P-SD	MP006-A-C-SD	MP006-A-R-SD

3. Product name list

			Table	2 (2 / 1)			
Product Name	Cell Balancing Detection Voltage	Cell Balancing Release Voltage	Overcharge Detection Voltage	Overcharge Release Voltage	CO Pin Output Form	CO Pin Output Logic	Combination of Delay Time
S-8249AAA-M6T1U	[V _{BU}] 2.600 V	[V _{BL}] 2.600 V	[V _{CU}] 2.750 V	[V _{CL}] 2.750 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAB-M6T1U	3.000 V	3.000 V	3.150 V	3.150 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAC-M6T1U	3.000 V	3.000 V	3.200 V	3.200 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAD-M6T1U	3.100 V	3.100 V	3.250 V	3.250 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAE-M6T1U	3.100 V	3.100 V	3.300 V	3.300 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAF-M6T1U	2.600 V	2.600 V	2.800 V	2.800 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAG-M6T1U	2.400 V	2.400 V	2.900 V	2.900 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAH-M6T1U	2.400 V	2.400 V	3.000 V	3.000 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAI-M6T1U	2.100 V	2.100 V	3.000 V	3.000 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAK-M6T1U	2.400 V	2.400 V	3.200 V	3.200 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAL-M6T1U	2.100 V	2.000 V	3.200 V	3.200 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAM-M6T1U	2.620 V	2.520 V	2.800 V	2.700 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAN-M6T1U	3.300 V	3.300 V	4.080 V	3.930 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAO-M6T1U	2.000 V	2.000 V	3.000 V	3.000 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAP-M6T1U	3.700 V	3.700 V	4.500 V	4.500 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAQ-M6T1U	3.800 V	3.800 V	4.080 V	3.930 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAR-M6T1U	2.800 V	2.800 V	3.150 V	3.150 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAS-M6T1U	2.800 V	2.800 V	3.200 V	3.200 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAT-M6T1U	2.800 V	2.800 V	3.100 V	3.100 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAU-M6T1U	2.500 V	2.400 V	3.800 V	3.700 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAV-M6T1U	2.300 V	2.200 V	3.800 V	3.700 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(1)
S-8249AAW-M6T1U	2.650 V	2.600 V	2.750 V	2.650 V	Nch open-drain output	Active "L"	(1)
S-8249AAY-M6T1U	4.150 V	4.150 V	4.275 V	4.275 V	CMOS output	Active "H"	(2)

Table 2 (2 / 2)								
Product Name	Cell Balancing Detection Voltage [V _{BU}]	Cell Balancing Release Voltage [V _{BL}]	Overcharge Detection Voltage [V _{cu}]	Overcharge Release Voltage [V _{CL}]	CO Pin Output Form	CO Pin Output Logic	Combination of Delay Time	
S-8249ABA-M6T1U	3.650 V	3.550 V	3.800 V	3.500 V	CMOS output	Active "L"	(3)	
S-8249ABB-M6T1U	4.350 V	4.350 V	4.425 V	4.325 V	CMOS output	Active "L"	(3)	
S-8249ABC-M6T1U	4.200 V	4.200 V	4.300 V	4.200 V	CMOS output	Active "L"	(4)	

Remark1. Contact our sales office for the products with detection voltage values other than those specified above.

2. Set $V_{CU} > V_{BU}$.

3. Refer to Table 3 for details about combinations of delay times.

		Table 3		
Combination of	Cell Balancing	Cell Balancing	Overcharge Detection	Overcharge Release
Combination of	Detection Delay Time	Release Delay Time	Delay Time	Delay Time
Delay Time	[t _{BU}]	[t _{BL}]	[t _{cu}]	[t _{CL}]
(1)	128 ms	1.0 ms	128 ms	1.0 ms
(2)	128 ms	1.0 ms	1024 ms	1.0 ms
(3)	64 ms	2.0 ms	256 ms	2.0 ms
(4)	64 ms	2.0 ms	256 ms	1.0 ms

Remark The delay times can be changed within the ranges listed above. For details, please contact our sales office.

			Table	4					
Delay Time	Symbol			Sele	ection Ran	nge			Remark
Cell balancing detection delay time ^{*1}	t _{BU}	64 ms 128 ms ^{*2} 256 ms		512	512 ms 1024 ms		Select a value from the left.		
Cell balancing release delay time	t _{BL}	0.5 m).5 ms 1.0 ms		1.0 ms ^{*2}	2 2.0 ms		2.0 ms	Select a value from the left.
Overcharge detection delay time ^{*1}	t _{cu}	64 ms	128 n	ms ^{*2} 256 ms		512	ms	1024 ms	Select a value from the left.
Overcharge release delay time	t _{CL}	0.5 m	5 ms		1.0 ms ^{*2} 2		2.0 ms	Select a value from the left.	

*1. Set $t_{CU} \ge t_{BU}$.

*2. The value is the delay time of the standard products.

Pin Configuration

1. SOT-23-6

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Figure 2

		Table 5
Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	CO	Output pin for overcharge signal
2	VSS	Input pin for negative power supply
3	DP	Test mode switching pin "H": Test mode (used to shorten the delay time) "L": Normal operation mode
4	CE	Power-saving mode switching pin "H": Power-saving mode "L": Normal operation mode
5	VDD	Input pin for positive power supply
6	СВ	Output pin for cell balancing signal (Nch open-drain output)

Absolute Maximum Ratings

			(Ta = +25°C unless otherwise	specified)
Item	Symbol	Applied Pin	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit
Input voltage between VDD pin and VSS pin	V _{DS}	VDD	$V_{\rm SS}-0.3$ to $V_{\rm SS}+6.0$	V
Input pin voltage	VIN	CE, DP	$V_{SS}-0.3$ to $V_{DD}+0.3 \leq V_{SS}+6.0$	V
Output pin voltage	Vout	CO, CB	$V_{\text{SS}}-0.3$ to $V_{\text{DD}}+0.3 \leq V_{\text{SS}}+6.0$	V
Output pin current	I _{CB}	СВ	100 (-40°C to +85°C)	mA
Operation ambient temperature	T _{opr}	_	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	_	-55 to +125	°C

Table 6

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

■ Thermal Resistance Value

		Table 7					
Item	Symbol	Condition		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
			Board A	-	159	-	°C/W
	θ _{JA}	SOT-23-6	Board B	-	124	1	°C/W
Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance*1			Board C	_	_	-	°C/W
			Board D	_	_	-	°C/W
			Board E		_	_	°C/W

*1. Test environment: compliance with JEDEC STANDARD JESD51-2A

Remark Refer to "**■ Power Dissipation**" and "**Test Board**" for details.

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Electrical Characteristics

For details about the test circuits and testing method, refer to "■ Test Circuit". Caution Unless otherwise specified in Table 8, set V2 = V3 = 0 V, and SWn (n = 1 to 4) = OFF.

Table 8 (1 / 2)

		Table	e 8 (1 / 2) (Ta =	+25°C un	less othe	erwise sp	ecified)
Item	Symbol		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Detection voltage						_	
Cell balancing detection	V _{BU}	SW1 = ON	$2.0~V \leq V_{BU} < 2.4~V$	V _{BU} – 0.012	V_{BU}	V _{BU} + 0.012	V
voltage	VBU	3WT - ON	$2.4~V \leq V_{BU} \leq 4.6~V$	V _{BU} × 0.995	V_{BU}	V _{BU} × 1.005	V
Cell balancing release	V _{BL}	SW1 = ON	$2.0~V \leq V_{BL} < 2.4~V$	V _{BL} – 0.024	V_BL	V _{BL} + 0.024	V
voltage	VBL	3WT - ON	$2.4~V \leq V_{BL} \leq 4.6~V$	V _{BL} × 0.99	V_BL	V _{BL} × 1.01	V
Overcharge detection	V _{cu}	$2.0~V \leq V_{CU}$	< 2.4 V	V _{CU} – 0.012	V _{CU}	V _{CU} + 0.012	V
voltage	VCU	$2.4~V \leq V_{CU}$	≤ 4.6 V	V _{CU} × 0.995	V_{CU}	V _{CU} × 1.005	V
Overcharge release	V _{CL}	$2.0~V \leq V_{CL}$	$1.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{CL}} < 2.4 \text{ V}$		V_{CL}	V _{CL} + 0.024	V
voltage	VCL	$2.4~V \leq V_{CL}$	≤ 4.6 V	V _{CL} × 0.99	V_{CL}	V _{CL} × 1.01	V
Temperature coefficient							
Detection voltage temperature coefficient 1 ^{*1}	<u>∆V_{BU}</u> ∆Ta ∙ V _{BU}	Ta = -40°C	-	100	350	°C	
Detection voltage temperature coefficient 2 ^{*2}	<u>∆V_{CU}</u> ∆Ta ∙ V _{CU}	Ta = -40°C	to +85°C ^{*3}	-	100	350	ppm/ °C
Input voltage		•					
Operation voltage between VDD pin and VSS pin	V _{DS}	Voltages ou CB pin are	tput from CO pin and fixed	1.5	-	5.0	V
CE pin voltage "H"	$V_{\overline{CE}H}$		_	_	_	V _{DD} × 0.9	V
CE pin voltage "L"	$V_{\overline{CE}L}$		_	V _{DD} × 0.1	_	_	V
DP pin voltage "H"	V _{DPH}		_	-	-	V _{DD} × 0.9	V
DP pin voltage "L"	V _{DPL}	-		V _{DD} × 0.1	_	_	V
Input current							
Current consumption during operation	I _{OPE}	$I_{\rm VDD}$ when V	$'1 = V_{BL} - 0.1 V$	-	1.2	2.0	μA
Current consumption during power-saving	I _{PSV}	$I_{\rm VDD}$ when $\rm V$	′1 = V2 = V _{BL} – 0.1 V	-	_	0.1	μA

*1. A change in the temperature of the detection voltage [mV/°C] is calculated by using the following equation. $\frac{\Delta V_{BU}}{\Delta Ta} \left[mV/^{\circ}C \right] = V_{BU} \left[V \right] \times \frac{\Delta V_{BU}}{\Delta Ta \bullet V_{BU}} \left[ppm/^{\circ}C \right] \div 1000$

- *2. A change in the temperature of the detection voltage [mV/°C] is calculated by using the following equation. $\frac{\Delta V_{CU}}{\Delta Ta} [mV/^{\circ}C] = V_{CU} [V] \times \frac{\Delta V_{CU}}{\Delta Ta \bullet V_{CU}} [ppm/^{\circ}C] \div 1000$
- *3. Since products are not screened at high and low temperature, the specification for this temperature range is guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Remark 1. $\frac{\Delta V_{BU}}{\Delta Ta}$, $\frac{\Delta V_{CU}}{\Delta Ta}$.	Change in temperature of detection voltage
$\Delta a \Delta a$	

- **2.** V_{BU}, V_{CU}: Set detection voltage
 - 3. $\frac{\Delta V_{BU}}{\Delta Ta \bullet V_{BU}}, \frac{\Delta V_{CU}}{\Delta Ta \bullet V_{CU}}$: Detection voltage temperature coefficient

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		(Ta :	= +25°C ur	less othe	erwise spe	cified
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Delay time	. ž	•	•	21		
Cell balancing detection delay time	t _{BU}	_	$t_{\text{BU}} \times 0.8$	t _{BU}	$t_{BU} imes 1.2$	ms
Cell balancing release delay time	t _{BL}	_	$t_{\text{BL}} \times 0.8$	t _{BL}	$t_{BL} \times 1.2$	ms
Overcharge detection delay time	t _{cu}	-	$t_{\text{CU}} \times 0.8$	t _{cu}	$t_{CU} imes 1.2$	ms
Overcharge release delay time	t _{CL}	-	$t_{\text{CL}} \times 0.8$	\mathbf{t}_{CL}	$t_{\text{CL}} \times 1.2$	ms
Output current						
CB pin output current						
CB pin sink current	I _{CBS}	$V1 = V_{BU} + 0.1 V$, SW2 = ON, V4 = 0.5 V	30	_	_	mA
CB pin leakage current	I _{CBL}	V1 = V _{BL} – 0.1 V, SW2 = ON, V4 = 6.0 V	_	_	0.1	μA
CO pin output current (out	put form:	CMOS output, output logic: acti	ve "H")			
CO pin sink current	I _{COL}	V1 = V _{CL} – 0.1 V, SW4 = ON, V5 = 0.5 V	5.0	_	-	mA
CO pin source current	I _{сон}	V1 = V _{CU} + 0.1 V, SW4 = ON, V5 = V1 – 0.5 V	1.0	_	-	mA
CO pin output current (out	put form:	CMOS output, output logic: acti	ve "L")			
CO pin sink current	I _{COL}	V1 = V _{CU} + 0.1 V, SW4 = ON, V5 = 0.5 V	5.0	-	-	mA
CO pin source current	I _{сон}	V1 = V _{CL} – 0.1 V, SW4 = ON, V5 = V1 – 0.5 V	1.0	_	-	mA
CO pin output current (out	put form:	Nch open-drain output, output l	ogic: activ	/e "H")		
CO pin sink current	I _{COL}	V1 = V _{CL} – 0.1 V, SW4 = ON, V5 = 0.5 V	5.0	_	-	mA
CO pin leakage current	I _{COHL}	V1 = V _{CU} + 0.1 V, SW4 = ON, V5 = 6.0 V	-	_	0.1	μA
CO pin output current (out	put form:	Nch open-drain output, output l	ogic: activ	/e "L")		
CO pin sink current	I _{COL}	$V1 = V_{CU} + 0.1 V$, SW4 = ON, V5 = 0.5 V	5.0	_	-	mA
CO pin leakage current	I _{COHL}	V1 = V _{CL} – 0.1 V, SW4 = ON, V5 = 6.0 V	-	_	0.1	μA

Table 8 (2 / 2)

Test Circuit



Figure 3

Caution Unless otherwise specified in Table 8, set V2 = V3 = 0 V, and SWn (n = 1 to 4) = OFF.

1. CE pin voltage "H"

 \overline{CE} pin voltage "H" (V_{CEH}) is defined as the voltage at which I_{VDD} is changed from I_{OPE} to I_{PSV} when V2 is increased from 0 V after setting V1 = V_{BL} - 0.1 V.

2. CE pin voltage "L"

 \overline{CE} pin voltage "L" (V_{CEL}) is defined as the voltage at which I_{VDD} is changed from I_{PSV} to I_{OPE} when V2 is decreased from V_{BL} – 0.1 V after setting V1 = V2 = V_{BL} – 0.1 V.

3. DP pin voltage "H"^{*1}

DP pin voltage "H" (V_{DPH}) is defined as the voltage at which the test mode is switched when V3 is increased from 0 V after setting V1 = $V_{BL} - 0.1$ V.

4. DP pin voltage "L" *1

DP pin voltage "L" (V_{DPL}) is defined as the voltage at which the normal operation mode is switched when V3 is decreased from $V_{BL} - 0.1$ V after setting V1 = V3 = $V_{BL} - 0.1$ V.

5. Cell balancing detection delay time

Cell balancing detection delay time (t_{BU}) is defined as the time from when SW1 is set to ON and V1 is set to V_{BU} – 0.1 V to when the CB pin output is inverted after setting V1 to V_{BU} + 0.1 V.

6. Cell balancing release delay time

Cell balancing release delay time (t_{BL}) is defined as the time from when SW1 is set to ON and V1 is set to V_{BL} + 0.1 V to when the CB pin output is inverted after setting V1 to V_{BL} – 0.1 V.

7. Overcharge detection delay time

Overcharge detection delay time (t_{CU}) is defined as the time from when SW1 is set to ON and V1 is set to V_{CU} – 0.1 V to when the CO pin output is inverted after setting V1 to V_{CU} + 0.1 V.

8. Overcharge release delay time

Overcharge release delay time (t_{CL}) is defined as the time from when SW1 is set to ON and V1 is set to V_{CL} + 0.1 V to when the CO pin output is inverted after setting V1 to V_{CL} – 0.1 V.

*1. For details about switching to the test mode by using the DP pin, refer to "5. DP pin" in "■ Operation".

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Standard Circuit





Table 9 Constants for External Components

Symbol	Part	Purpose	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Remark
R _{vdd}	Resistor	ESD protection, for power fluctuation control	150 Ω	330 Ω	1.0 kΩ	Resistance should be as small as possible to avoid worsening the overcharge detection accuracy due to current consumption.*1
C_{VDD}	Capacitor	For power fluctuation control	0.068 μF	0.1 μF	1.0 μF	Connect a capacitor of 0.068 μF or more between VDD pin and VSS pin.*1
R _{св}	Resistor	For setting the cell balancing current value	_	_	_	Set the required cell balancing current value depending on "2. Cell balancing status" in "■ Operation".*2

*1. When connecting a resistor less than 150 Ω to R_{VDD} or a capacitor less than 0.068 µF to C_{VDD}, the S-8249 Series may malfunction when power is largely fluctuated.

*2. Set the cell balancing current value so that R_{CB} does not exceed the power dissipation.

Cautions 1. The above constants may be changed without notice.

2. The example of connection shown above and the constant do not guarantee proper operation. Perform thorough evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

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Operation

Remark Refer to "■ Standard Circuit".

1. Normal status

In the S-8249 Series, if the voltage between the VDD pin and the VSS pin (V_{DS}) has not reached the cell balancing detection voltage (V_{BU}), the CB pin output is in the high-impedance status. The CO pin output status varies according to the output form and output logic selected, as shown in **Table 10**. This is the normal status.

Table 10				
CO Pin Output Form and Output Logic	CB Pin Output	CO Pin Output		
CMOS output, active "H"	"H"	"L"		
CMOS output, active "L"	"H"	"H"		
Nch open-drain output, active "H"	"H"	"L"		
Nch open-drain output, active "L"	"H"	"H"		

2. Cell balancing status

In the S-8249 Series, if V_{DS} is V_{BU} or higher and this status continues for the cell balancing detection delay time (t_{BU}) or longer, the CB pin output becomes "L". This is the cell balancing status.

The cell balancing status is released when V_{DS} drops to the cell balancing release voltage (V_{BL}) or lower and this status continues for the cell balancing release delay time (t_{BL}) or longer.

The S-8249 Series includes an Nch transistor with ON resistance of 5 Ω typ. (R_{CBON}) between the CB pin and the VSS pin, thus causing the cell balancing current (I_{CB}) to flow in cell balancing status, and the cell balancing operation to start.

By connecting a resistor (R_{CB}) to the CB pin, I_{CB} in cell balancing status can be calculated by using the following equation.





Figure 5

3. Overcharge status

In the S-8249 Series, if V_{DS} is the overcharge detection voltage (V_{CU}) or higher and this status continues for the overcharge detection delay time (t_{CU}) or longer, the CO pin output is inverted. The CO pin output status varies according to the output form and output logic selected, as shown in **Table 11**. This is the overcharge status. In the overcharge status, the CB pin output becomes "L".

l able 1	1	
CO Pin Output Form and Output Logic	CB Pin Output	CO Pin Output
CMOS output, active "H"	"L"	"H"
CMOS output, active "L"	"L"	"L"
Nch open-drain output, active "H"	"L"	"H"
Nch open-drain output, active "L"	"L"	"L"

The overcharge status is released when V_{DS} drops to the overcharge release voltage (V_{CL}) or lower and this status continues for the overcharge release delay time (t_{CL}) or longer.

4. CE pin

The S-8249 Series has the \overline{CE} pin (Power-saving mode switching pin). The S-8249 Series is set to power-saving mode by inputting a voltage of V_{CEH} or higher to the \overline{CE} pin.

Table 12			
CE Pin	Status		
Open (V _{CE} = V _{SS})	Normal operation mode		
"H" $(V_{\overline{CE}} \ge V_{\overline{CEH}})$	Power-saving mode		
$"L" (V_{\overline{CE}} \le V_{\overline{CE}L})$	Normal operation mode		

In power-saving mode, the current consumption is decreased to current consumption during power-saving (I_{PSV}). The CB pin or the CO pin output in power-saving mode is the same as that in the normal status.

The \overline{CE} pin is pulled down to V_{SS} by the internal resistor. When in a mode other than power-saving mode, leave the \overline{CE} pin open or short it with V_{SS}.

5. DP pin

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The S-8249 Series has the DP pin (Test mode switching pin). The S-8249 Series is set to test mode (used to shorten the delay time) by inputting a voltage of V_{DPH} or higher to the DP pin.

Table 13		
DP Pin	Status	
Open ($V_{DP} = V_{SS}$)	Normal operation mode	
"H" ($V_{DP} \ge V_{DPH}$)	Test mode	
"L" ($V_{DP} \leq V_{DPL}$)	Normal operation mode	

In test mode, the cell balancing detection delay time (t_{BU}) and overcharge detection delay time (t_{CU}) are shortened to 1/64 of the delay time in the normal operation mode.

The DP pin is pulled down to V_{SS} by the internal resistor. When in a mode other than test mode, leave the DP pin open or short it with V_{SS} .

Timing Chart



*1. The CB pin is pulled up by the external resistor.

- *2. (1): Normal status
 - (2): Cell balancing status
 - (3): Overcharge status

Remark The charger is assumed to charge with a constant current.

Figure 6

Precautions

- The application conditions for the input voltage, output voltage, and load current should not exceed the power dissipation.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- ABLIC Inc. claims no responsibility for any and all disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement by products including this IC of patents owned by a third party.

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Characteristics (Typical Data)

1. Current consumption



2.00

1.00

0.00

0.0

1.0

2.0

3.0

VDD [V]





2. Cell balancing detection / release voltage, overcharge detection / release voltage and delay times

5.0

4.0



2.5 t_{BU} vs. Ta

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3. Output current

3.1 ICBL VS. VCB



3. 3 ICOH VS. VCO



2.6 t_{BL} vs. Ta















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Power Dissipation

SOT-23-6



Board	Power Dissipation (P _D)
А	0.63 W
В	0.81 W
С	_
D	_
E	_

SOT-23-3/3S/5/6 Test Board

) IC Mount Area

(1) Board A



Item		Specification	
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6	
Material		FR-4	
Number of copper foil layer		2	
	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070	
Coppor foil lover [mm]	2	-	
Copper foil layer [mm]	3	-	
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070	
Thermal via		-	

(2) Board B



Item		Specification	
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6	
Material		FR-4	
Number of copper foil layer		4	
Copper foil layer [mm]	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070	
	2	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035	
	3	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035	
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070	
Thermal via		-	

No. SOT23x-A-Board-SD-2.0







No. MP006-A-P-SD-2.1

TITLE	SOT236-A-PKG Dimensions		
No.	MP006-A-P-SD-2.1		
ANGLE	\oplus		
UNIT	mm		
	ABLIC Inc.		



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