

January 7, 1998

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AXIAL LEADED HERMETICALLY SEALED SUPERFAST RECTIFIER DIODE

- Very low reverse recovery time
- Hermetically sealed in Metoxilite fused metal oxide
- Low switching losses
- Low forward voltage drop
- Soft, non-snap off, recovery characteristics

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

- $V_R = 50 - 150V$
- $I_F = 5.0A$
- $t_{rr} = 30nS$
- $V_F = 0.97V$

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (@ 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| | Symbol | 1N6079 5FF05 | 1N6080 5FF10 | 1N6081 5FF15 | Unit |
|--|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| Working reverse voltage | V_{RWM} | 50 | 100 | 150 | V |
| Repetitive reverse voltage | V_{RRM} | 50 | 100 | 150 | V |
| Average forward current (@ 55°C, lead length 0.375") | $I_{F(av)}$ | ← 5.0 → | | | A |
| Repetitive surge current (@ 55°C in free air, lead length 0.375") | I_{FRM} | ← 24 → | | | A |
| Non-repetitive surge current ($t_p = 8.3mS$, @ V_R & T_{jmax}) | I_{FSM} | ← 175 → | | | A |
| Storage temperature range | T_{STG} | ← -65 to +150 → | | | °C |
| Operating temperature range | T_{OP} | ← -65 to +150 → | | | °C |

MECHANICAL

G4

| DIM ⁿ | MM | | INCHES | | NOTE |
|------------------|------|------|--------|------|------|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | |
| A | 3.4 | 4.6 | .135 | .180 | - |
| B | 22.9 | 33.0 | .90 | 1.30 | - |
| C | 3.5 | 4.2 | .140 | .165 | - |
| D | - | .80 | - | .030 | 1 |
| E | .91 | 1.07 | .036 | .042 | - |

NOTES:
1. LEAD DIAMETER UNCONTROLLED OVER THIS REGION.

Weight = 0.039oz

These products are qualified to MIL-S-19500/503.

They can be supplied fully released as JAN, JANTX, and JANTXV versions.

These products are qualified in Europe to DEF STAN 59-61 (PART 80)/030 available to F and FX levels.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (@ 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| | Symbol | 1N6079 5FF05 | 1N6080 5FF10 | 1N6081 5FF15 | Unit |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Average forward current max. T _A = 55°C for sine wave | I _{F(AV)} | ←———— 2.0 —————→ | | | A |
| Average forward current max. T _L = 70°C; L = 0" T _L = 55°C; L = 3/8" for sine wave | I _{F(AV)} | ←———— 12.0 —————→ | | | A |
| for square wave | I _{F(AV)} | ←———— 4.8 —————→ | | | A |
| | I _{F(AV)} | ←———— 5.0 —————→ | | | A |
| I ² t for fusing (t = 8.3mS) max. | I ² t | ←———— 127 —————→ | | | A ² S |
| Forward voltage drop max. @ I _F = 5.0A, T _j = 25°C | V _F | ←———— 0.97 —————→ | | | V |
| Reverse current max. @ V _{RWM} , T _j = 25°C | I _R | ←———— 10 —————→ | | | μA |
| @ V _{RWM} , T _j = 100°C | I _R | ←———— 500 —————→ | | | μA |
| Reverse recovery time max. 0.5A I _F to 1.0A I _R . Recovers to 0.25A I _{RR} . | t _{rr} | ←———— 30 —————→ | | | nS |
| Junction capacitance typ. @ V _R = 5V, f = 1MHz | C _j | ←———— 230 —————→ | | | pF |

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| | Symbol | 1N6079 5FF05 | 1N6080 5FF10 | 1N6081 5FF15 | Unit |
|--|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| Thermal resistance - junction to lead Lead length = 0.375" | R _{θJL} | ←———— 23.5 —————→ | | | °C/W |
| Lead length = 0.0" | R _{θJL} | ←———— 5 —————→ | | | °C/W |
| Thermal resistance - junction to amb. on 0.06" thick pcb. 1 oz. copper. | R _{θJA} | ←———— 75 —————→ | | | °C/W |

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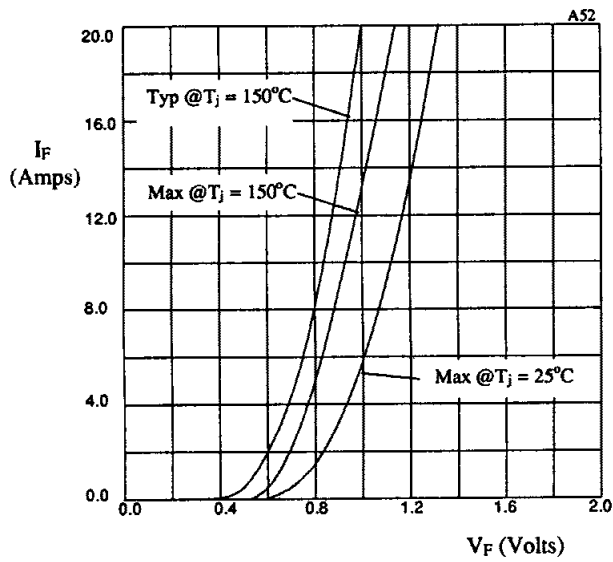


Fig 1. Forward voltage drop as a function of forward current

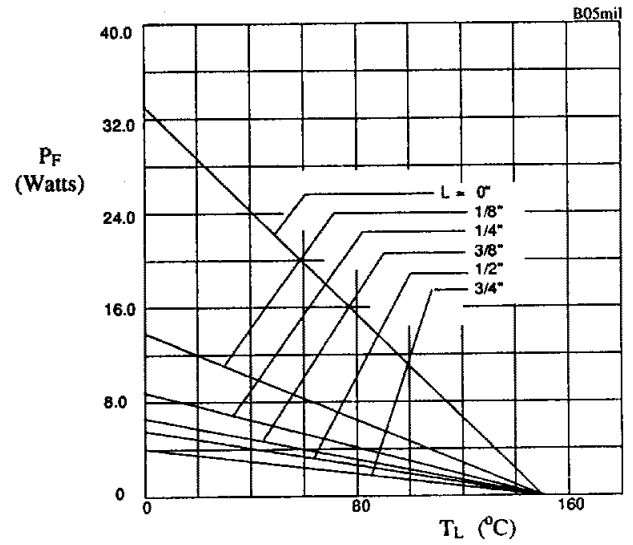


Fig 2. Maximum power versus lead temperature

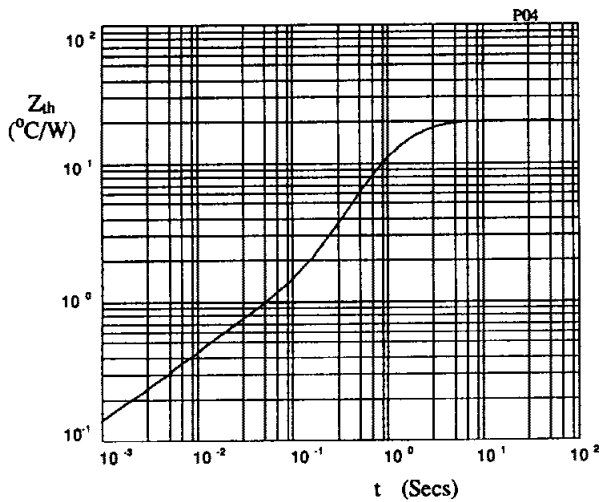


Fig 3. Transient thermal impedance characteristic.

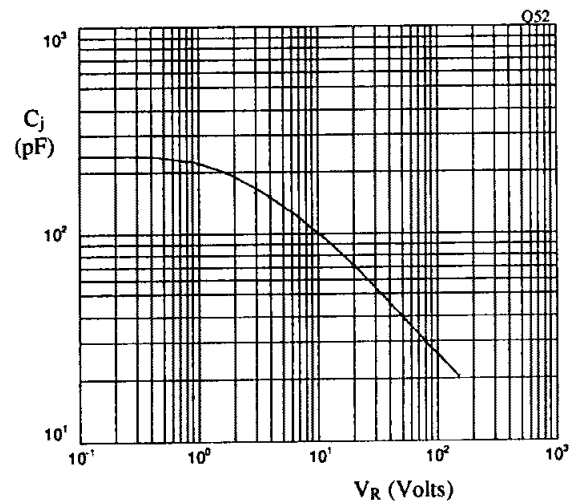


Fig 4. Typical junction capacitance as a function of reverse voltage.

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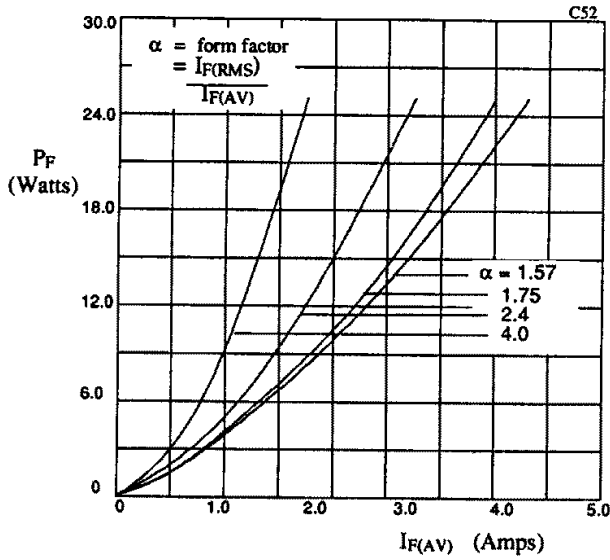


Fig 5. Forward power dissipation as a function of forward current, for sinusoidal operation.

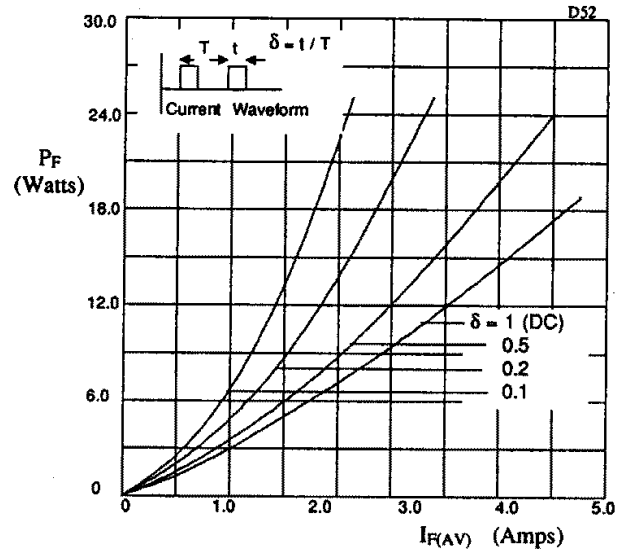


Fig 6. Forward power dissipation as a function of forward current, for square wave operation.

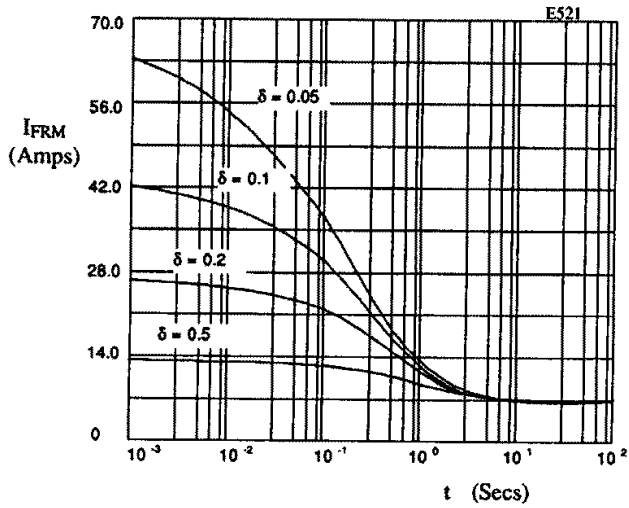


Fig 7. Maximum repetitive forward current as a function of pulse width at 55°C; $R_{\theta JL} = 20$ °C/W; V_{RWM} during $1 - \delta$.

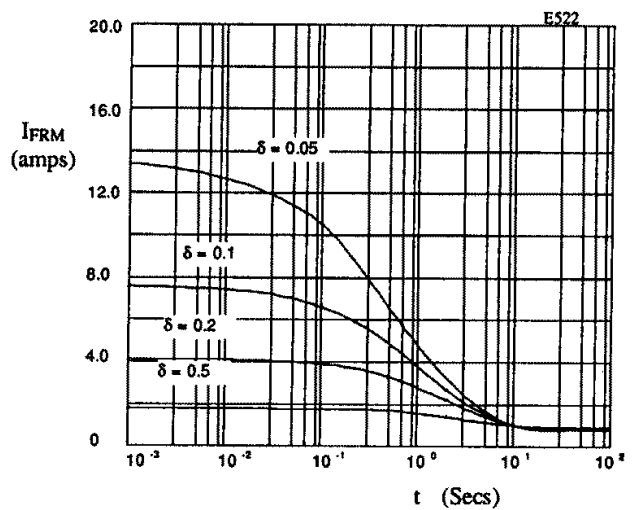


Fig 8. Maximum repetitive forward current as a function of pulse width at 100°C; $R_{\theta JL} = 80$ °C/W; V_{RWM} during $1 - \delta$.