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# LED FRONTLIGHTING SOLUTIONS APG/AAB

NCV78763 LDM A – REFERENCE DESIGN KIT QUICK START GUIDE & SYSTEM OVERVIEW

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Christiam Gasparini
System Application Engineer
Automotive APG/AAB BU - Belgium





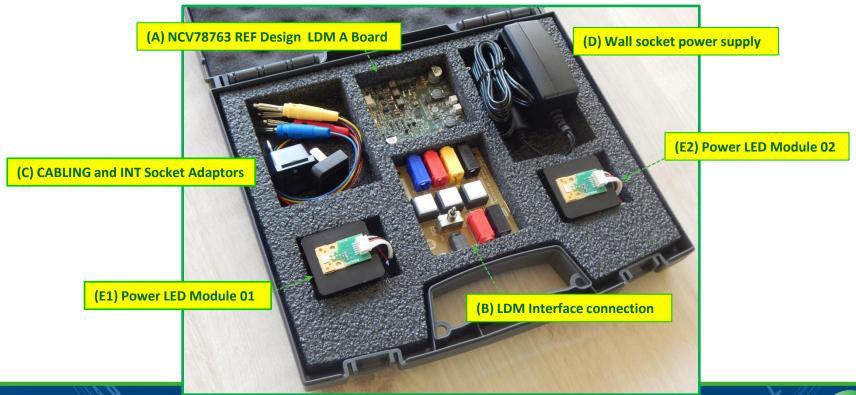






#### NCV78763 REF DES LDM A - KIT OVERVIEW

 The NCV78763 REF Design LDM A KIT v1.1 is meant for Automotive LED Front Lighting Advanced Applications for Day Time Running Light (DRL), Position Light (PL) and Turn Indicator (TURN), aimed for car bulb equivalent system replacement and migration to Power LEDS. Content:







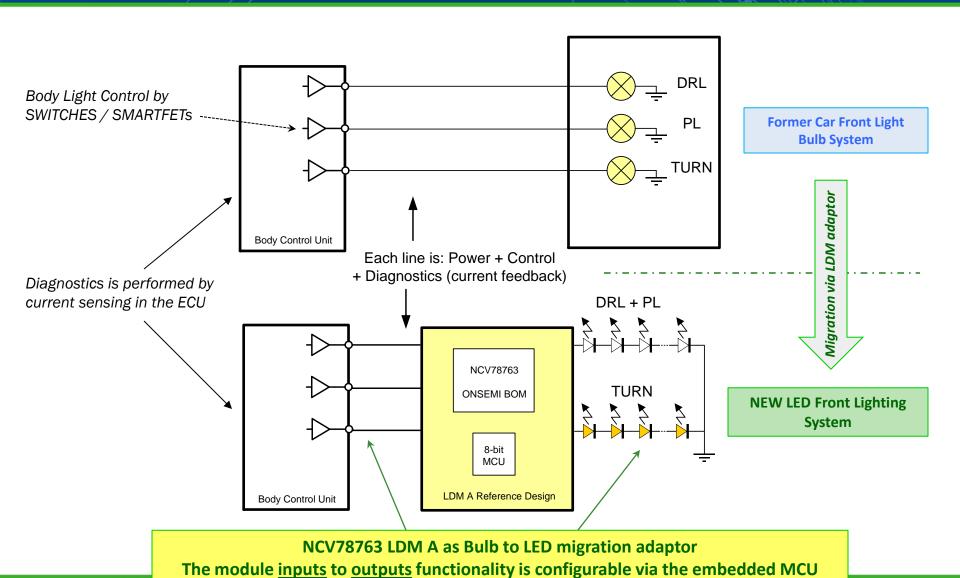
#### NCV78763 REF DES LDM A - Main Features sheet

- The NCV78763 REF Design LDM A system solution is based on the NCV78763 Power LED Driver for Front Lighting (APG/AAB BU), with a full ONSEMI BOM portfolio for external power devices.
- The module features failure diagnostics as open load detection, short circuit protection and thermal protection lock out. A low pin count 8-bit microcontroller is embedded on board for such monitoring and control.
- The LED strings (DRL/PL) are driven according to advanced dimming control techniques including logarithmic ramps analog and digital modulation for enhanced human eye sensitivity smoothness perception. The implementation fully exploits the SPI bus and LED Driver settings.
- Other key characteristics of the NCV78763 LDM A include: compact electronics, compatibility target with automotive bulb architectures and ONSEMI Platform design approach for:
  - a) Compatibility with a wide range of LED strings configuration without BOM change
  - b) Easily customizable to the specific system requirements.
  - c) Wide supply VBAT Operating range from 5V to 20V or higher.





#### NCV78763 REF DES LDM A & Bulb Systems Compatibility







#### NCV78763 LDM A REF DES KIT: Main board LDM

- The **NCV78763 LDM A Board**, core of the system, is shown hereby. Its BOM is sized to allow the outputs to drive LED strings for a total power of above 20W and up to 60V voltage.
- LED Chan 01 is dedicated to DRL and PL, controlled via logarithmic dimming slopes ramp, while channel 02 performs the turn indicator (blinker) function.

Four ways input connector

Input 01: DRL Input 02: PL Input 03: TURN Input 04: GND

Twice-Two wires output connectors:

Output 01: HOT/ANODE (RED)
Output 01: GND/CATHODE (BLACK)

Output 02: HOT/ANODE (RED)
Output 02: GND/CATHODE (BLACK)

NCV78763 LDM A – REF Design Board (KIT ITEM A)





#### NCV78763 LDM A REF DES KIT: the LDM Interface

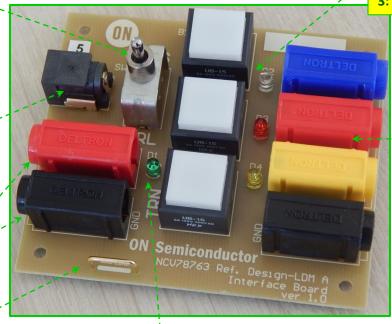
 The LDM REF Design A Interface (ITEM B) grants additional flexibility for use of an wall socket power supply and allows straightforward commands by the user via buttons and switch.

SWITCH - PL/ DRL/OPEN

Wall socket – Light power supply

LAB Bench power supply

GND bar for oscilloscope probe(s)



BUTTONS & spy LEDS
1: LDM INPUT 02 / PO

1: LDM INPUT 02 / POSITION LIGHT / BLUE

2: LDM INPUT 01 / DRL / RED

3: LDM INPUT 03 / TURN / YELLOW

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Plugs towards LDM A - four wire input interface

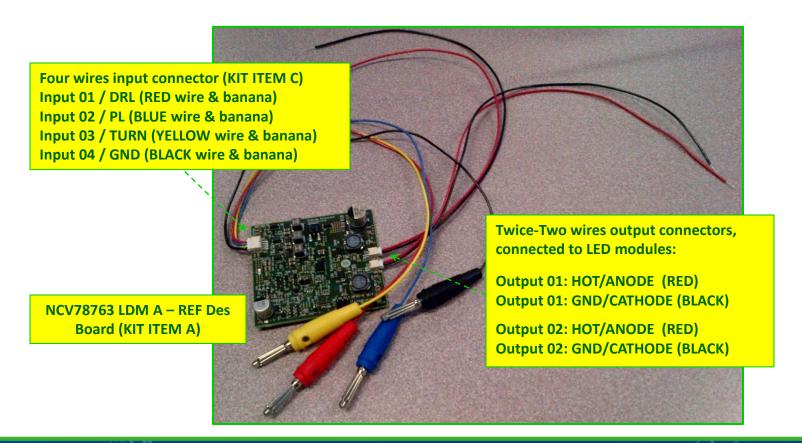
**General "power available" LED** 





## NCV78763 LDM A REF DES KIT: Cabling & connections

The NCV78763 LDM A KIT modules come equipped with cabling (KIT ITEM C) for easy interface towards a standard bench power supply or the official LDM REF Design A interface (KIT ITEM B):

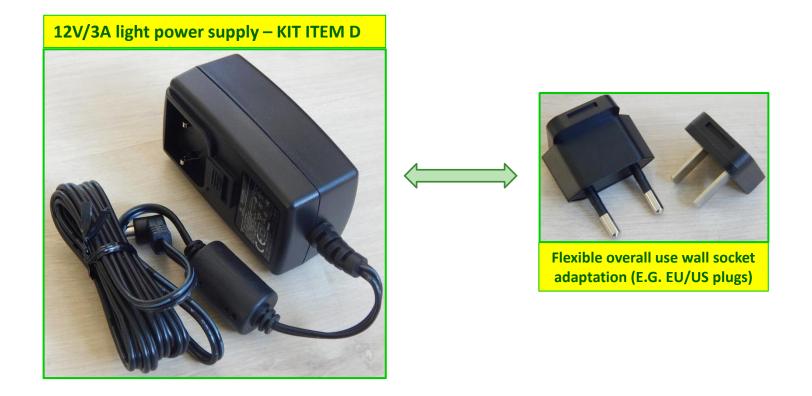






## NCV78763 LDM A REF DES KIT: Power Supply and plug adapters

The provided power supply can be directly plugged in the LDM interface, in absence of a bench power supply, or for highly portable ready-to-go demos.

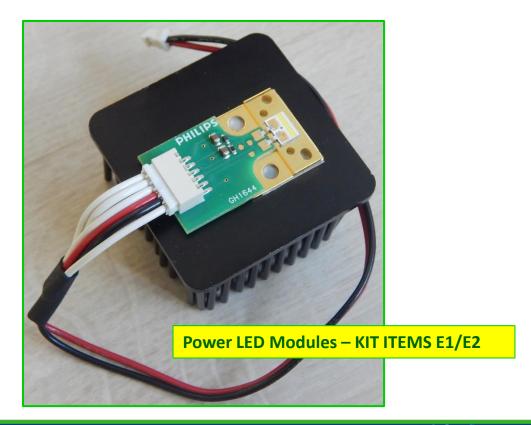






#### NCV78763 LDM A REF DES KIT: Power LED Modules

For reference and immediate use, the KIT contains commercial Automotive LED Modules (Philips – GH1644). Two samples are available per KIT. The LED plates are equipped a customized compact heatsink and cabling to be plugged to the NCV78763 LDM A.

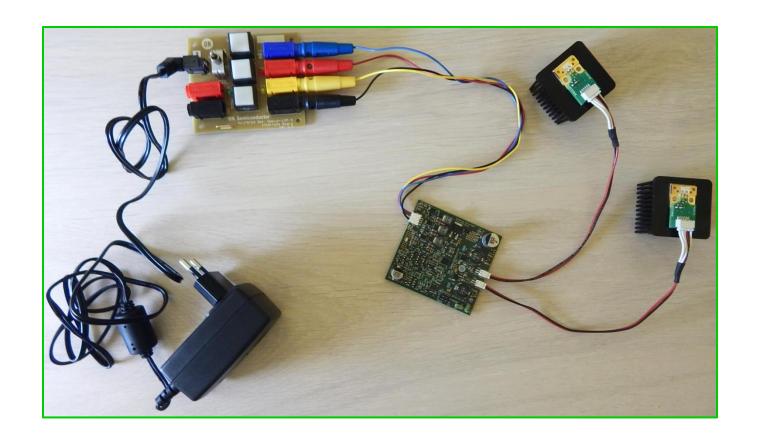






## NCV78763 LDM A REF DES KIT: the entire setup system

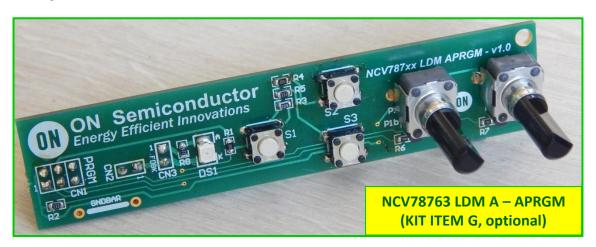
The connections of all previous elements brings to the following:





#### NCV78763 LDM A REF DES KIT: The APRGM (optional)

- The standard factory firmware is set to drive the default KIT LED modules, for 10W power in steady state (around 580mA DC current). Using a different LED string below 22V, the same current will be applied.
- The system embeds enhanced feature, allowing to adapt parameters to completely different string and/or headlight per means of the programmer shown (APRGM). The current levels for channels 01 and 02 are adjusted via the two respective trimmers. The microcontroller takes care of safety related items such as power level and voltage adjustments, current limitation and EEPROM memory save.







#### NCV78763 LDM A REF DES KIT: APRGM - Setup

In order to allow the current and LED strings programming procedure, the APRGM board, when the system is in **power off**, must first be plugged into the three **LDM A main board** connectors "P4" "S1" and "P5" (respectively CN1, CN2 and CN3 in APRGM).



NCV78763 LDM A – APRGM: LED current programming procedure setup





#### NCV78763 LDM A REF DES KIT: APRGM - Procedure #1

- After setup, the LED current programming procedure is actually entered when, powering up the system, the button S3 is kept pressed. Details on the procedure are reported below.
- 1. When entering programming procedure, the LED DS1 will start blinking. Release button S3. Before driving current into the LED strings, the microcontroller will wait that the user brings the trimmers P1 and P2 (current setting knobs) to the left most position (counter-clock-wise) to preselect the minimum current level: whenever this position is attained, the LDM will drive currents in both LED strings. At any time, the sequence can be exited without save by pressing "S2";
- 2. Adjust the current in the LEDs. The right setting can be found by human visual perception such as lighting of a dark room (never look directly in the LED source to potential avoid health hazard or dazzling!), light intensity measurement, a current measurement probe, or series multimeter in current sensing mode;
- 3. Once the desired current is found, new settings are save by pressing "S1";
- 4. As an alternative, original factory settings can always be restored with the "S3" button.

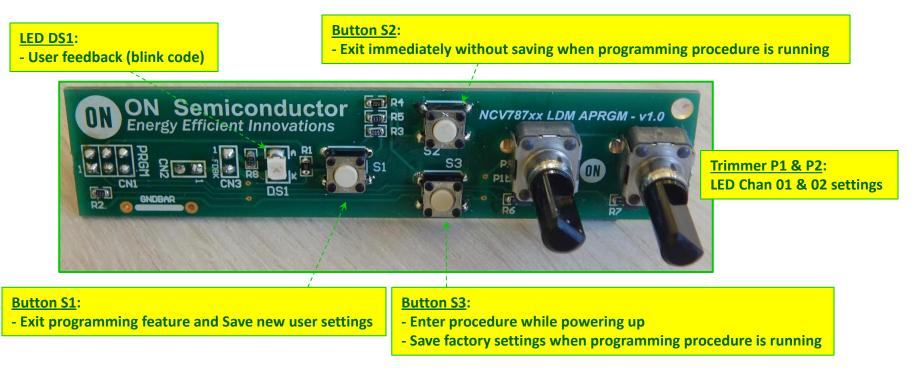
Please note that any LED string between 2V and 60V can be used. The firmware will limit the current so that 10W maximum per channel can be delivered.





#### NCV78763 LDM A REF DES KIT: APRGM - Procedure #2

 Please refer to the following picture for a graphical explanation of the LED current setting programming procedure.





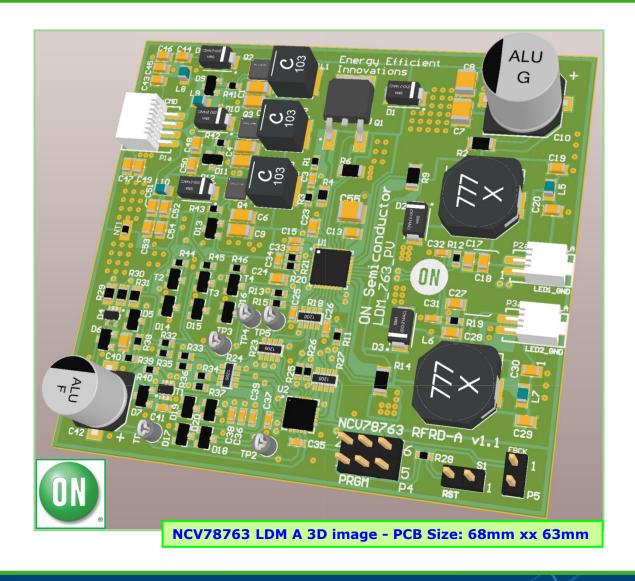








## NCV78763 LDM A REF DES: PCB Board 3D Overview

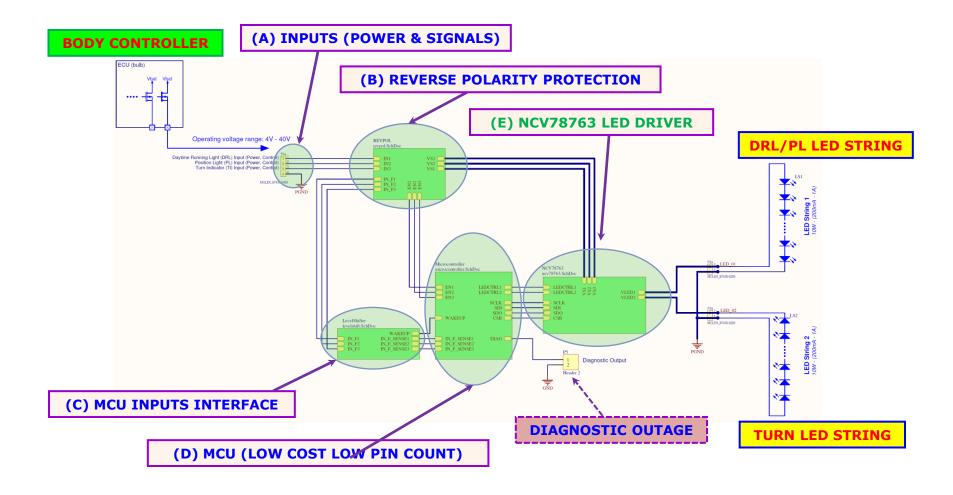






#### NCV78763 LDM A REF DES: Schematics (top-level view)

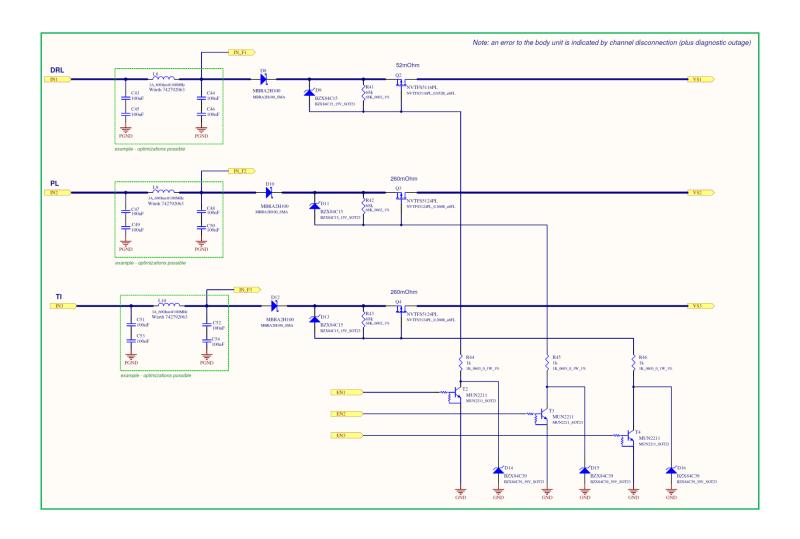
The LDM A REF DES v1.1 top level block schematics view is shown below:







## NCV78763 LDM A REF DES: sub-circuit #B: reverse battery

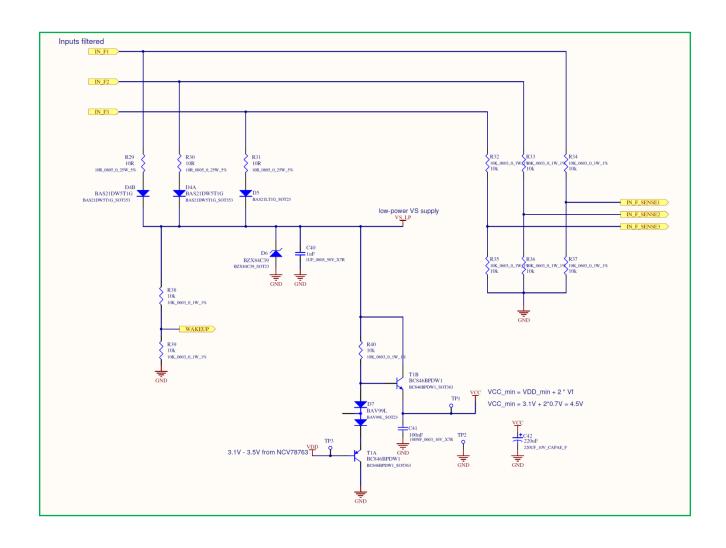






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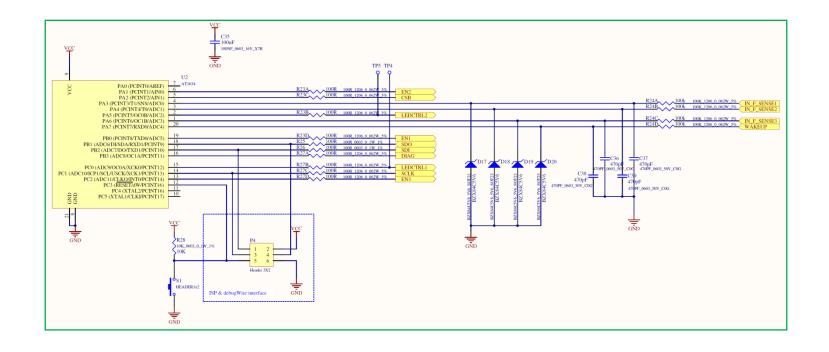
## NCV78763 LDM A REF DES: sub-circuit #C: MCU interface







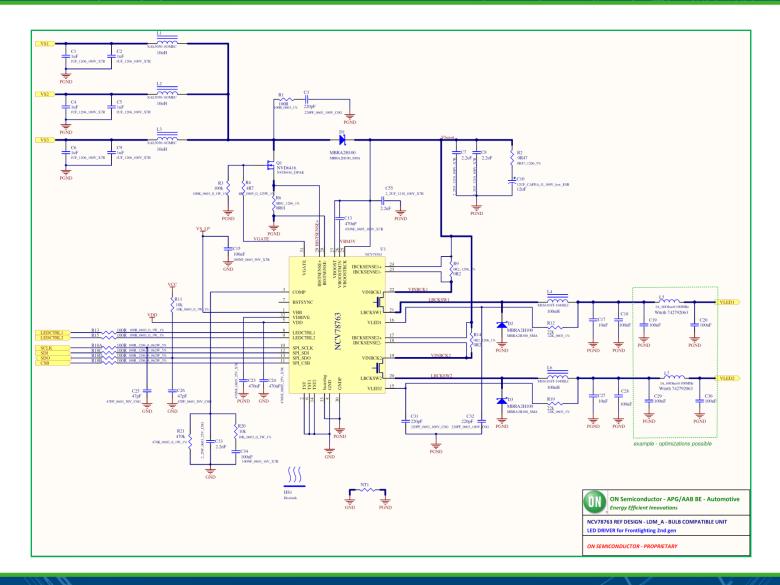
## NCV78763 LDM A REF DES: sub-circuit #D: MCU







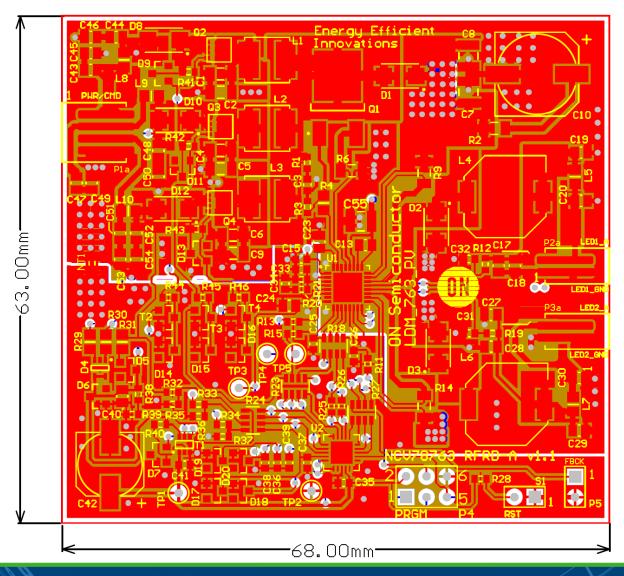
## NCV78763 LDM A REF DES: sub-circuit #E: NCV78763







## NCV78763 LDM A REF DES: PCB (top side)





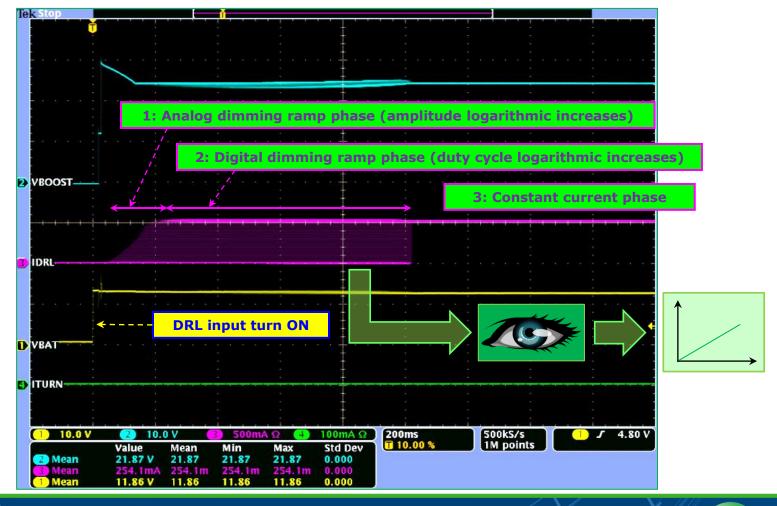






# Measurement report: DRL ramp turn-on

At power on (line #1 = DRL input), the DRL led string is ramped to the nominal current value by combining analog and digital dimming (logarithmic mode is shown).







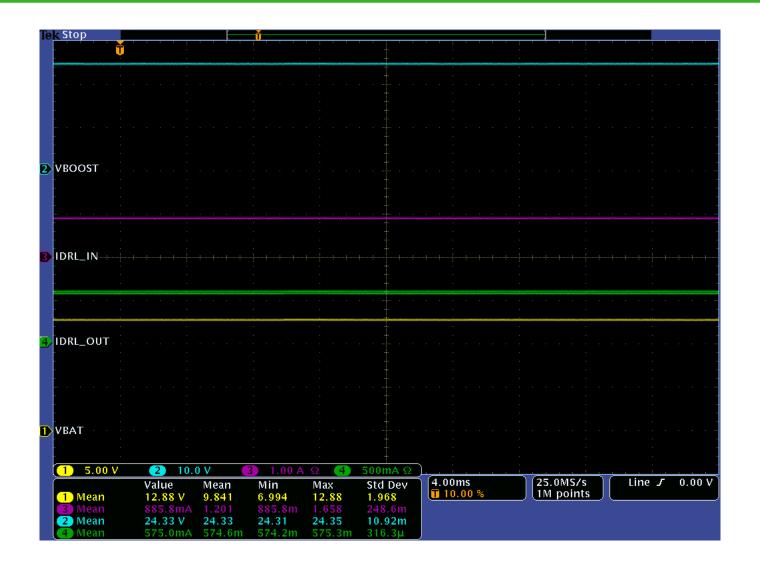
# System steady state stability (low VBAT = 7V)







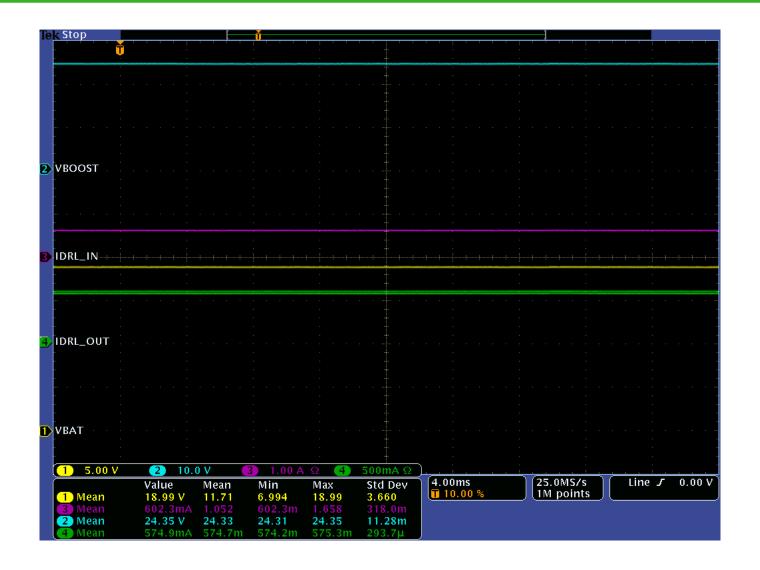
# System steady state stability (nom VBAT = 13V)







# System steady state stability (nom VBAT = 19V)







# PSRR stability (VBAT = 10V >>> 20V)







# PSRR stability (VBAT = 20V >>> 10V)





# Diagnostic & specific input turn-off

- In this diagnostic detection example, the output VLED is shorted to GND.
- The module turns off the input to flag to the body controller the failure.

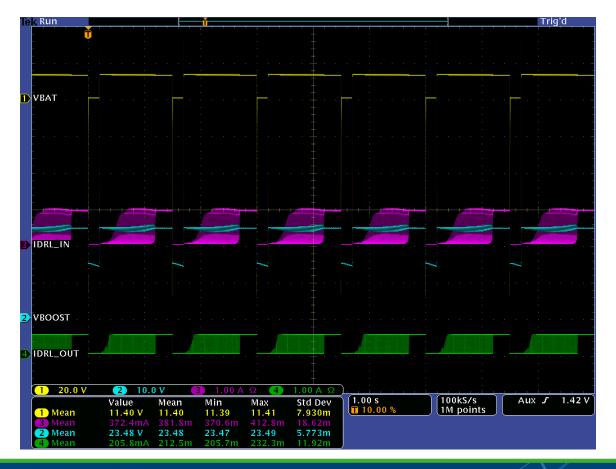






# **ISO 7637 pulses (type 1)**

The LDM A module is validated through the standard ISO 7637 pulses. For what concerns pulse type 1, it is shown how it correctly restarts normal operation at each pulse iteration.

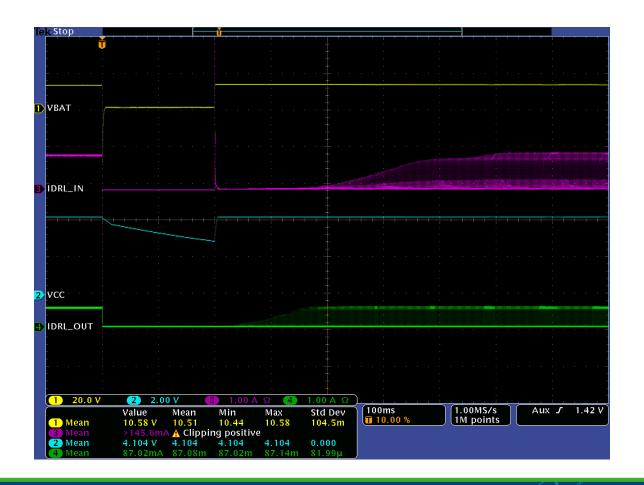






# ISO 7637 pulses (type 1 - ZOOM)

The module correctly restarts normal operation at each pulse iteration.
 Note: No reset from the MCU.

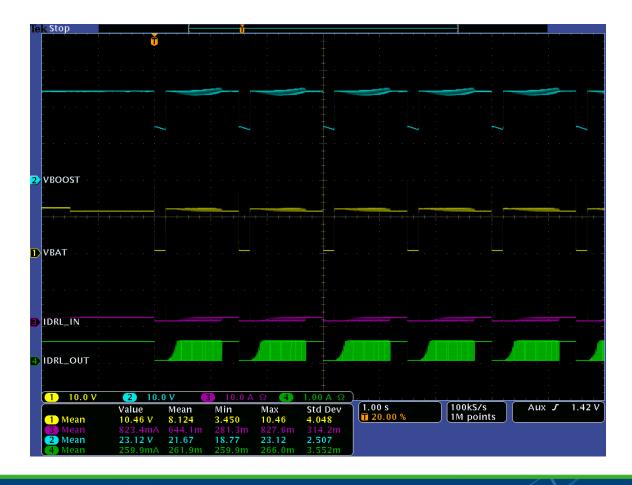






# ISO 7637 pulses (type 2a)

Also in this case, the module correctly restarts normal operation at each pulse iteration.

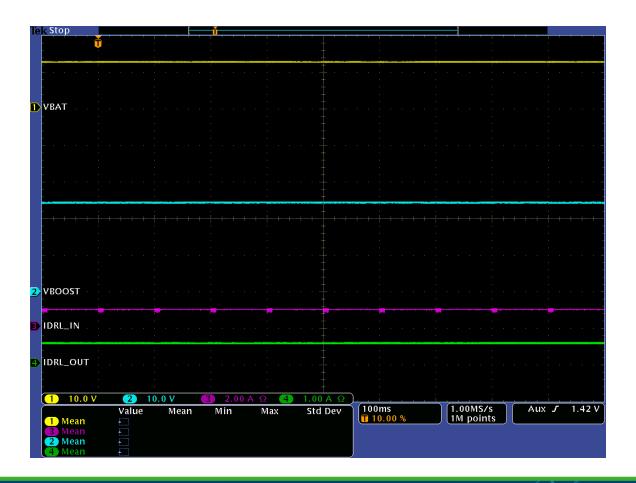






# ISO 7637 pulses (type 3a)

 The highest amplitude disturbance (-150V) does not minimally affect the module operation.







# ISO 7637 pulses (type 3b)

The highest disturbance (+150V) does not affect at all the module operation.

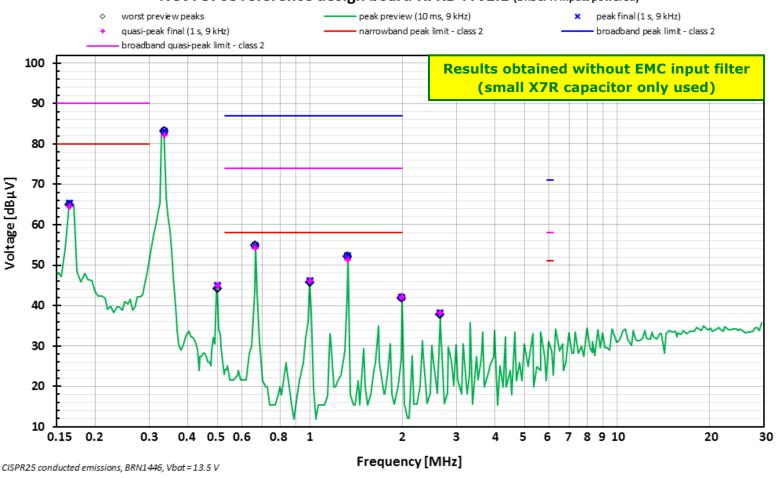






# EMC conducted emission CISPR25

#### NCV78763 reference design board RFRD-A v1.1 (DRL & TI inputs powered)













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# LED FRONTLIGHTING SOLUTIONS AAB NCV78763 LDM A – QUICK START GUIDE - OVERVIEW

Any question or advice?

Our staff will be glad to provide all necessary information and collect your valuable inputs.



